

Rea[®] Dahlia[®] 30 / 45

en Manual wheelchair passive Service Manual



PROVIDER: Keep this manual. The procedures in this manual MUST be performed by a qualified technician.

CE

Yes, you can:

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1 General

1.1 Introduction

This document contains important information about assembly, adjustment and advanced maintenance of the product. To ensure safety when handling the product, read this document and the user manual carefully and follow the safety instructions.

Find the user manual on Invacare's website or contact your Invacare representative. See addresses at the end of this document.

Invacare reserves the right to alter product specifications without further notice.

Before reading this document, make sure you have the latest version. You find the latest version as a PDF on the Invacare website.

For pre-sale and user information, see the user manual.

For more information about the product, for example product safety notices and product recalls, contact your Invacare representative. See addresses at the end of this document.

1.2 Delivery check

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Any transport damage must be reported immediately to the transport company. Remember to keep the packaging until the transport company has checked the goods and a settlement has been reached.

1.3 Symbols in This Manual

Symbols and signal words are used in this manual and apply to hazards or unsafe practices which could result in

personal injury or property damage. See the information below for definitions of the signal words.



I

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WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation that could result in serious injury or death if it is not avoided.

CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation that could result in minor or slight injury if it is not avoided.

IMPORTANT Indicates a hazardous situation that could result in damage to property if it is not avoided.

Tips Gives useful tips, recommendations and information for efficient, trouble-free use.

Tools Identifies required tools, components and items which are needed to carry out certain work.

1.4 Limitation of Liability

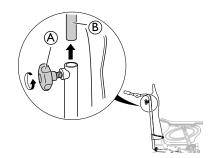
Invacare accepts no liability for damage arising from:

- Non-compliance with the user manual
- Incorrect use
- Natural wear and tear
- Incorrect assembly or set-up by the purchaser or a third party
- Technical modifications
- Unauthorised modifications and/or use of unsuitable spare parts

2 Assembly

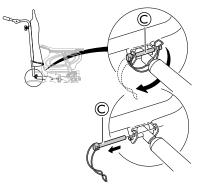
2.1 Changing the backrest tubes

1.



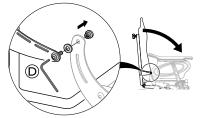
Release the knob A and remove the push handles / push bar intended for the straight backrest tube B.

2.



Release the safety shackle $\mathbb C$ and carefully remove the safety pin from the attachment.

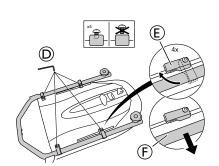
3.



Loosen and remove the screw washer and nut $\mathbb D$ from the backrest attachment.

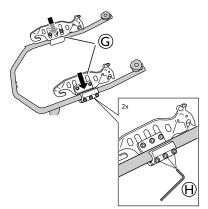
When re-mounting the backrest (see instructions below), a new screw must be used, the old one must be scrapped.

4.



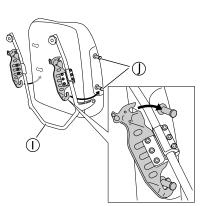
Loosen the four screws for the backrest tubes $\mathbb D$ and turn the attachments $\mathbb E$ in order to release the backrest tube $\mathbb F.$

 $\tilde{\parallel}$ Do not remove the screws.



Mount the attachments for the MatrX backrest $\ensuremath{\mathbb{G}}$ and tighten the screws $\ensuremath{\mathbb{H}}.$

ັງ Tools: 5 mm Allen key



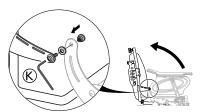
Mount the backrest tubes ${\rm (I)}$ on the attachment knobs ${\rm (I)}$ on the backrest.

 \tilde{j} Start with the lower attachment.

7.

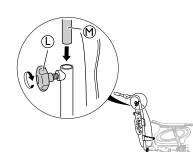
6.

5.



Re-mount the backrest on the wheelchair, replace the screw and tighten the screw, washer and nut \circledast (9 Nm).

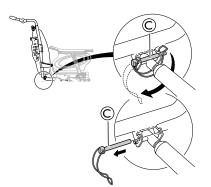
8.



Mount the push handles/push bar intended for the bent backrest tube \mathfrak{M} and tighten the knob \mathbb{O} .

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \widehat{l} & There are different push handles/push bar for the straight backrest tube and the bent backrest tube. \end{tabular}$

9.



Re-mount the safety shackle $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ and attach the gas piston.

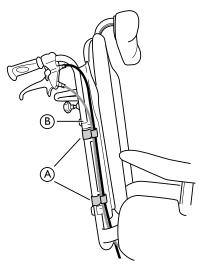
WARNING!

Safety risk

The wheelchair may collapse
Remember to always reinsert and fasten the safety pin when it has been removed.

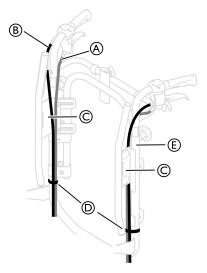
2.2 Placing the wires

2.2.1 Wires with backrest plate

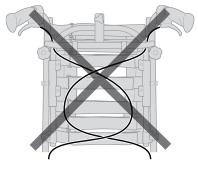


- 1. Thread the wires on the outside of the backrest tubes (\mathbb{B}) .
- 2. Place the wires in the holders/clips $\textcircled{\sc B}$ in order to hold them in place.
 - $\frac{1}{2}$ Fold the slack of the wires under the seat to get them out of the way.

2.2.2 Wires with tension adjustable backrest



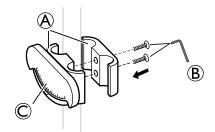
- 1. Place the wires (Å) and (B) as shown on the picture above.
 - Risk of damage to the wires
 It is important that the cable for the assistant brake (A) is placed on the inside of the backrest tubes.
- 2. Place the wire for the backrest/seat recline [®] outside of the backrest tubes.
- 3. Place both of the wires on the inside of the backrest attachment $\mathbb{C}.$
- 4. Attach the wires to the backrest tubes $\ensuremath{\mathbb{E}}$ with the straps $\ensuremath{\mathbb{D}}.$
 - $\overset{\circ}{\underline{\mathbb{I}}} \qquad \mbox{Fold the slack of the wires under the seat to} \\ get them out of the way. \label{eq:state}$





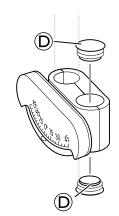
CAUTION! Risk of reduced brake effect

The wires must not be crossed on the backrest!



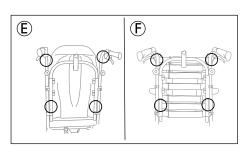
Attach the clamps A with the tilt scale C to the push bar/push handles or the backrest tubes and tighten the screws B.

2.



Place the end plugs D in the empty holes.

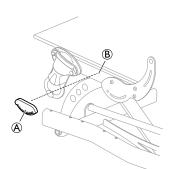
3.



Place the tilt scale for the backrest angle on the push bar/push handle or on the backrest tubes according to picture E or F above.

2.4 Tilt scale seat

1.



Place the tilt scale for the seat (A) on the seat frame (B).

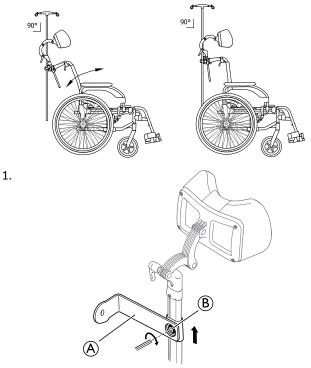
 \mathring{l} The tilt scale should be placed on the left side.

2.5 Mounting the Drip stand



Risk of tipping / injury - Max load on the drip stand: 4 kg (2 x 2 kg).

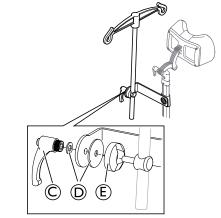
The rod of the drip stand must always be placed in a vertical position, i.e in a 90 degree angle to the ground, no matter the position of the backrest or the wheelchair.



Mount the holder for the drip stand (A) on the neckrest holder and tighten the screw (B).

5 mm Allen key

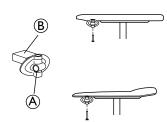




Mount the lever \mathbb{C} , the washers \mathbb{D} and the holder with the drip stand \mathbb{E} in the attachment and tighten the lever.

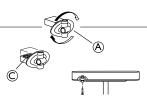
2.6 Mounting the attachment for table tray

1.



Mount the table attachment B with the attachment part facing outwards. The plain surface B of the attachment should be placed upwards when using the table on the thin armrests.

2.



To fit the table attachment A to the wide armrest, turn the attachment around, the patterned surface C should now be facing upwards.

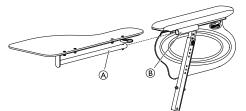
2.7 Mounting the table tray



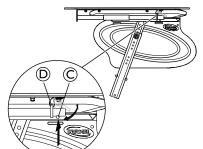
Mount the table tray B in the table tray attachments B.

2.8 Mounting the half tray

Mounting the half tray

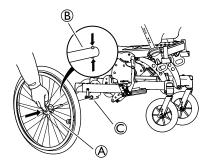


1. Insert the tube of the half tray A into the attachment B under the arm pad.



- 2. Push on the push pin $\mathbb C$ and insert the ring $\mathbb D$ on the tube ().
- 3. Release the push pin \mathbb{C} .

2.9 Mounting the rear wheels



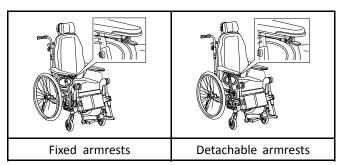
- 1. Press and hold in the quick-release button A.
- 2. Place the rear wheel axle $\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}$ in the rear wheel attachment $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}.$
- 3. Pull the wheels outwards to check that the wheel is securely locked in position.

WARNING! Risk of injury

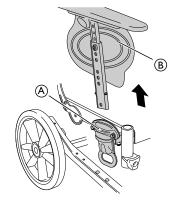
 Check that the rear wheel is securely locked in position! It should not be possible to remove the wheels when the quick-release button (a) is inactivated.

2.10 Mounting the user maneuvered tilt

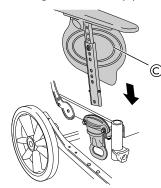
The user operated tilt is available with both a fixed armrest and with detachable armrests. The user operated tilt is only available for Dahlia 30.



Detachable armrests

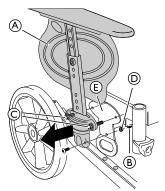


- 1. Press and hold the quick release button (A).
- 2. Remove the existing armrest [®] by pulling it upwards.



3. Mount the new armrest for the user operated tilt ©.

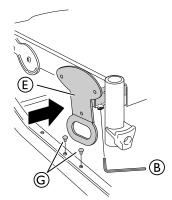
Fixed armrests



- 1. Loosen the screw ^B.
- 2. Drag the transport attachment $\textcircled{\mbox{\sc E}}$ and the armrest $\textcircled{\sc A}$ outwards.
- 3. Loosen the screws \mathbb{C} and the nut \mathbb{D} .

5 mm allen key
10 mm fixed spanner

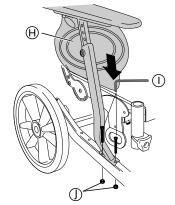
4. Remove the armrest (A) and the armrest attachment completely.



- 5. Push the transport attachment E back in place.
- 6. Tighten the screw ^(B).

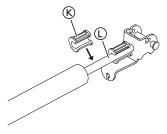
5 mm allen key

7. Remove the plastic plugs $\ensuremath{\mathbb{G}}$ from the chassis.



- 8. Mount the armrest and armrest attachment tube for the user operated tilt Θ on the frame.
- 9. Attach the screws ${\rm (I)}$ and tighten the nuts ${\rm (I)}.$
 - 5 mm allen key
 10 mm fixed spanner

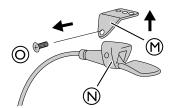
Detachable and fixed armrest



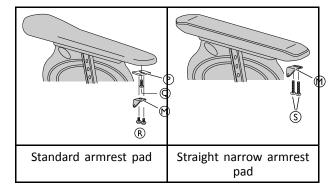
1. Mount the tilt reduction bushing ${\rm (f)}$ on the seat tilt gas piston ${\rm (f)}$ if needed.

IMPORTANT

 When using the user operated tilt, there must always be two tilt reduction bushings mounted.

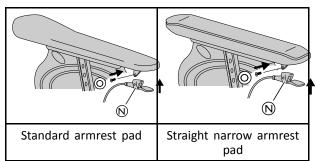


- 1. Loosen and remove the screw ^O.
- 2. Remove the tilt handle \mathbb{N} from the attachment \mathbb{M} .

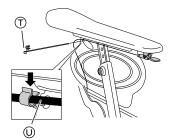


- 3. Mount the tilt handle attachment $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{M}}$ on the armrest pad.

Attach the screws R or S depending on the armrest 5. type and tighten with 2,5 Nm.



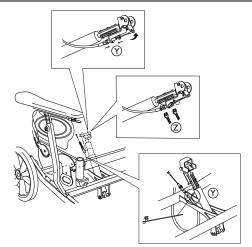
- 6. Mount the tilt handle \mathbb{N} on the tilt handle attachment. 7. Tighten the screw O.
 - Screwdriver PH2 łĭ
 - Torx driver T20



- 8. Attach the clip for the wire ① in the upper corner of the side guard.
- Place the wire \bigcirc in the clip holder. 9.



- 10. Loosen the screw (9) in order to remove the lever for the hand operated tilt W.
- 11. Loosen the nut to the brake wire for the tilt handle \otimes and remove the wire.
 - Screwdriver PH2 ١ĭ
 - 10 mm fixed spanner



- 12. Place the wire from the user operated tilt \mathfrak{V} as shown on the picture.
- 13. Attach the wire to the chassis with an attachment clip.

- 14. Attach the wire from the user operated tilt \mathfrak{V} on the gas piston.
- 15. Tighten the attachment nuts \mathbb{Z} .

10 mm fixed spanner

2.11 Reducing tilt and / or backrest recline

Depending on the rear wheel size when the wheelchair is ordered with a low seat to floor height, reduction bushings are added to the tilt and/or recline function in some combinations. This is because there may be a conflict between the seat frame and the rear wheel attachment when tilting or reclining the chair. This means that the operating range of the gas piston is reduced in order to avoid damage to certain parts when tilting or reclining the wheelchair. One or more reduction bushings can be used, each reduction bushing reduces the tilting/reclining range with 10º. This means that if the tilt/recline have a range of 1-30°, the range will be reduced to 1-20° by adding one reduction bushing to the gas piston. For the Dahlia 30º version, the reduction bushings can be used to reduce both the tilt and the recline range. For the Dahlia 45° version, the reduction bushings will reduce the recline range with 10° or 20° and the reduction blocks will reduce the seat tilt range from 45° to 30°.



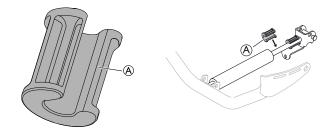
CAUTION! **Risk of damage**

Removing the reduction bushings could cause damage to the wheelchair in some positions.

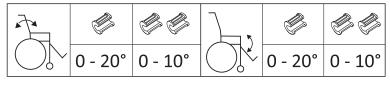
- Be careful when tilting/reclining the chair if the reduction bushings are removed. Read the instructions concerning limitation areas and how to avoid them.
- See section: "Troubleshooting" for more ຶ່ງໃ information.

2.11.1 Mounting of the tilt/recline reduction bushing

The reduction bushings can be used both for the ĥ seat tilt and the backrest recline on Dahlia 30º and for the backrest recline reduction on Dahlia 45º.

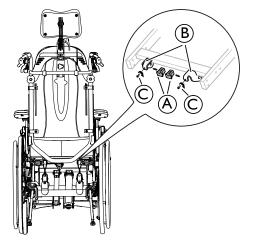


- Mount the reduction bushing A on the gas piston rod 1. by manually pressing it on to the rod.
- 2. Remove the reduction bushing (A) by manually twisting it from the gas piston rod.



When using one bushing, the tilt/recline reduction is 10, with two bushings, the tilt/recline reduction is 20. For information about seat tilt reduction for Dahlia 45, see chapter "Mounting the seat tilt reduction block".

2.11.2 Mounting the seat tilt reduction block



- Place the reduction block

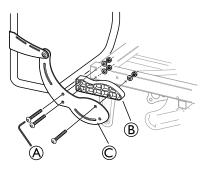
 in the slider attachment
 on the seat frame.
- 2. Fasten the screw \bigcirc and tighten.
- 3. <u>Repeat the procedure with the second block.</u>

Torx driver T20

With these reduction blocks mounted, the seat tilt limit is 30. See chapter "Mounting of the tilt/recline reduction bushing" for information about backrest recline reduction for Dahlia 45.

2.12 Repositioning the backrest joint

 $\overset{\circ}{\underline{l}} \quad \mbox{The width extension spacers can be used when there is need for a wider backrest bar. The spacers will add an extra 25 mm space on each side. }$



1. Loosen the three screws $\textcircled{\sc b}$ on the outside of the seat frame.

 ${\centrified}{1}$ Tools: 5 mm allen key

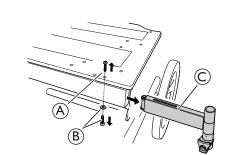
- 2. Insert the plastic spacers ${}^{\textcircled{}}_{B}$ between the backrest attachment ${}^{\textcircled{}}_{C}$ and the seat frame.
- 3. Retighten the three screws A (10 Nm).

1.

4. Repeat the procedure on the opposite side.

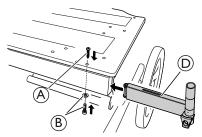
2.13 Mounting the legrest attachment for high position

- $\underbrace{\overset{\circ}{]}}_{I} \qquad \mbox{With the high position legrest attachment, the fixation of the legrest will be 5 cm higher.} \label{eq:static}$
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\widehat{\sc l}$ & The high position legrest attachment is recommended for users with a height of 185 cm and taller. \end{tabular}$



Remove the upper screw B and the lower screw and washer B. Remove the ordinary legrest attachment C.

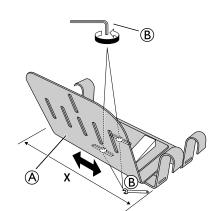
Tools: Screwdriver (PH 2) for screw (Å), allen key 5 mm for screw (B).



Mount the high legrest attachment \mathbb{O} in the seat frame. Re-insert the upper screw \mathbb{A} and the lower screw and washer \mathbb{B} . Re-tighten the screws.

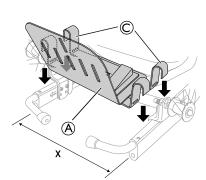
2.14 Mounting the accessory tray





Fixate the nuts and loosen the screws ${}^{\textcircled{}}$ of the accessory tray ${}^{\textcircled{}}$ and adjust the width.

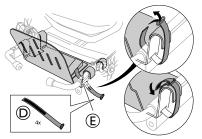
ĬĬ	٠	5 mm allen key
	٠	13 mm fixed spanner



Mount the accessory tray A on the chassis, the hooks C should be placed on the frame.

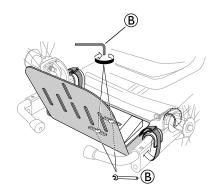
3.

2.



Secure the accessory tray with the attachment straps D. Thread the straps through the slot E and wrap them around the hooks. Secure the attachment straps firmly.

4.



Fixate the nuts and re-tighten the screws $\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}$ to fixate the width.

ĬĬ	٠	5 mm allen key	
	٠	13 mm fixed spanner	

The accessory tray will be instable – Always secure the tray with all four

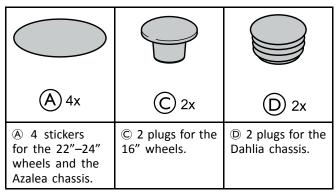
 Always secure the tray with all fou attachment straps.

2.15 Wash sealing kit

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \widehat{l} & The wash sealing kit can be used to protect holes in the chassis and on the wheels from water. \end{tabular}$

Content of the kit

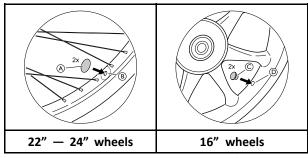
I



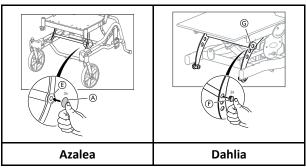
Mounting of the kit

1.

2.

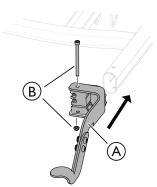


Attach the stickers $\textcircled{\sc B}$ or the plugs $\textcircled{\sc C}$ on/in the air holes $\textcircled{\sc B}$ or $\textcircled{\sc D}$ of the wheels.



Attach the stickers (A) or the plugs (F) in the holes (E) or (G) of the chassis depending on model.

2.16 Mounting the kerb lever



- 1. Mount the kerb lever A on the chassis tube.
- 2. Mount the screw and the nut ^B.
- 3. Tighten the screw.

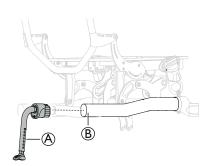
2.17 Mounting antitipper



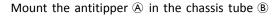
WARNING! Risk of tipping

Maximum height from floor to anti-tipper is
 40 mm. Min. height from floor to anti-tipper
 is 15 mm.

1.



2.

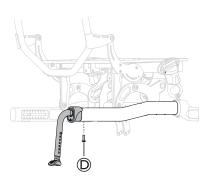


Use a rubber mallet $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ to insert the antitipper in the chassis tube.



CAUTION!

Damage on the antitipper tube
Do not use the rubber mallet on the antitipper tube, only on the top of the attachment.



Secure the antitipper with the screw \mathbb{D} .

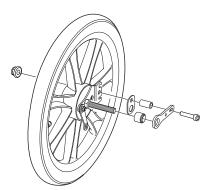
- Tighten the screw.
 Repeat the procedure or
 - Repeat the procedure on the opposite side.
 - Torx driver T25 or screw driver
 - $\underbrace{\overset{\circ}{\fbox}}_{\text{Lechnical Data section for information about the sizes.}} See the part "Size of Antitipper device" in the$

2.18 Mounting the drum brake

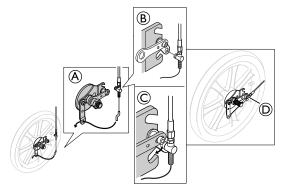
2.18.1 Drum brake for 16" wheels

1.

3.



Assemble the screws, washers and nut as shown in the picture above.

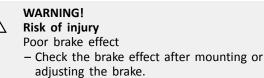


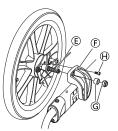
- 2. Mount the wire hook from the brake handle in the wire holder (A).
- 3. Mount the wire in the attachment washer ^(B).
- 4. Place the wire in the lower notch on the brake \mathbb{C} .

5. Tighten the screw \bigcirc with 9 ± 1 Nm.

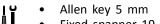


5 mm allen key 10 mm fixed spanner

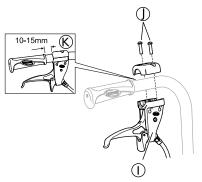




- Mount the rear wheel axle € in the attachment € on the frame. Attach the nut and spacer © and the screw ⊕.
- 7. Tighten the screw \oplus with 9 ± 1 Nm.
- 8. Tighten the nut G with 22 Nm.



- Fixed spanner 19 mm
- 9.



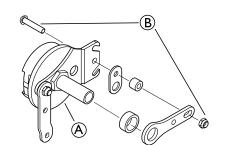
Mount the lever for the assistant maneuvered drum brake ${\rm (I)}$ on the push handle and attach the screws ${\rm (I)}.$

 $\underbrace{\overset{\circ}{\mathbb{I}}}_{\text{for the assistant maneuvered drum brake must}} \text{ the lever for the assistant maneuvered drum brake must} \\ \text{be 10} - 15 \text{ mm } \mathbb{K}.$

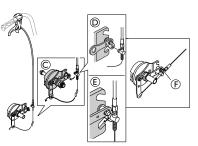
Torx driver T20

2.18.2 Drum brake for 22–24"

1.

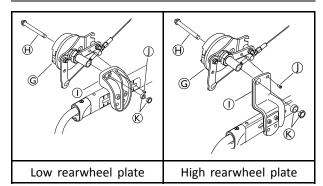


2. Assemble the parts on the drum brake (A) in the order shown above. Attach the screw and nut (B) to fixate the parts.



Mount the wire hook from the brake handle in the wire holder \bigcirc . Mount the wire in the attachment washer \bigcirc and place the wire in the lower notch on the brake E.

- 3. 4.
 - Tighten the nut \bigcirc with 9 ± 1 Nm.
 - 4 mm allen key
 - 10 mm fixed spanner



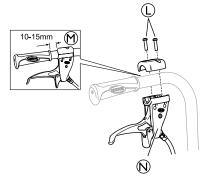
- 5. Assemble the quick release axle \oplus through the rearwheel and the drumbrake with wire \mathbb{G} .
- Assemble the wheel with drumbrake on the rearwheel plate ①.
- 7. Attach the screw ① and tighten with 9 ± 1 Nm.
- 8. Attach the nut and sleeve K and tighten the nut with 40 ± 5 Nm.
- 9. Repeat the procedure on the opposite side.
 - 4 mm allen key
 - 24 mm fixed spanner



WARNING!

Risk of injuryPoor brake effectCheck the brake effect after mounting or adjusting the brake.

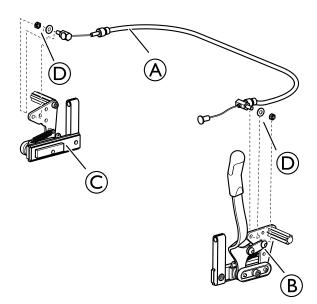
10.



Mount the handle for the assistant maneuvered drum brake \mathbb{O} on the push handle and attach the screws \mathbb{O} .

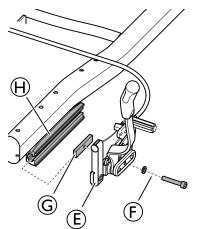
T20 torx driver

2.19 Mounting the wire for the One arm brake



- 1. Attach the wire B to both sides of the brake B and C as shown on the picture.
- 2. Fixate the wire with the nut and washer \mathbb{D} .

2.20 Mounting One arm brake



- 1. Attach the brake $\ensuremath{\mathbb{E}}$ to the attachment nut $\ensuremath{\mathbb{G}}.$
 - $\begin{tabular}{ll} $$ In some configurations, the attachment nut @ needs to be placed in the attachment $$ $$ prior to attaching the brake. \end{tabular}$
- 2. Fixate the attachment nut $\ensuremath{\mathbb{G}}$ with the screw and washer $\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}$.
- 3. Attach the brake E and the attachment nut G to the attachment on the chassis H.
- 4. Adjust the distance between the brake tap and the rear wheel.
- 5. Adjust the brake effect.
- 7. Repeat the procedure on the opposite side.

2.21 Mounting the electrical system

\triangle

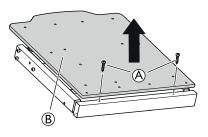
- WARNING! Risk of injury
- Make sure that all parts are disconnected from the power source.



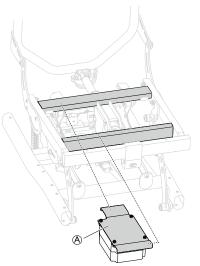
CAUTION!

Risk of short circuit – Be aware of electrostatic discharge (ESD) when working on electrical parts.

2.21.1 Mounting the battery

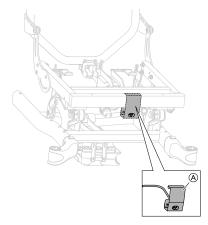


1. Loosen and remove the screws (Å) and the seat plate (B).



1. Mount the attachment with the battery $\textcircled{\sc a}$ on the frame.

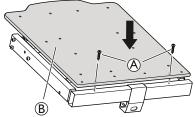
Mounting the holder for the mains cable extension



- 1. Place the holder A on the marked area of the frame.
- 2. Attach the mains cable extension to the control box.
 - $\hat{\underline{l}}$ See section "Electrical schedule" for more information about how to connect the cables.

Â

- Damage to the battery cable
 Make sure to fasten the cables in a way that keeps the cables from being squeezed or stretched.
- Check that the cables run freely when using the tilt and/or recline function,

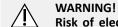


3. Re-mount the seat plate ^(B).

WARNING!

4. Tighten the screws (A).

2.21.2 Charging the battery



Risk of electrical chock

 The user must not sit in the wheelchair whilst charging the battery.

Damage to the battery

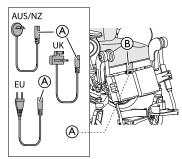
- The battery must be charged 24 hours before using the system the first time.
- Unplug the mains cable after charging and before using the wheelchair.
- $\underbrace{\overset{\circ}{\amalg}}_{\text{in order to adapt to different local electrical standards.}} The battery charger has different local electrical standards.$
- $\underline{\mathring{l}}$ When the battery level is low (20 %), the system beeps when it is in use.

Connect charger cable



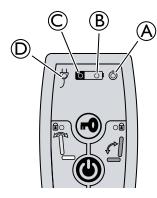
CAUTION! Damage to the cables.

 Do not sit in the wheelchair while charging the battery.



- 1. Connect the charger cable supplied with the chair into a wall socket.
- 2. Insert the charger cable B into the connector B which is located on the front of the wheelchair.
- 3. Unplug the cable when the battery is fully charged.

Hand control — Battery indications



- Green light ON Hand control is activated (A)
- B Green light — ON — Battery level is above 20%
 - Green light blinking ON Battery is charging (fixed light when the battery is fully loaded)
- Yellow light ON Battery level is low, C below 20%
- D Green light - ON - Battery cable is connected (lights up about 5 seconds after connecting the cable)

2.21.3 Mounting the actuators



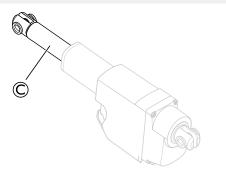
WARNING! **Risk of injury**

- The wheelchair may collapse
- Check that the locking washers are securely locked.
- If the safety pin is used, make sure that the lock shackle / loop is securely locked.



WARNING!

- Safety risk The wheelchair may collapse
- Remember to always reinsert and fasten the safety pin when it has been removed.
- Check that the lock shackle / loop is securely locked.



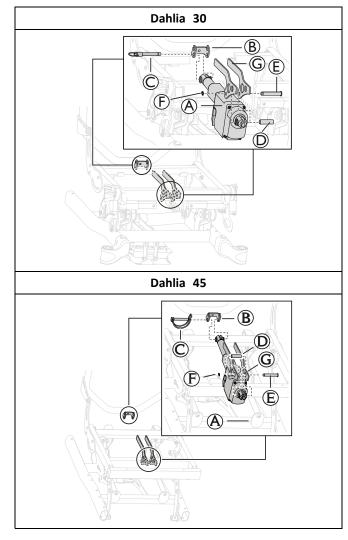


WARNING! **Electrical version**

The backrest may come loose if the piston rod is accidentally detached from its housing.

- Before attaching the piston to the backrest, turn the piston rod © maximum clockwise.
- When aligning the holes, only turn the piston rod © maximum a half turn counterclockwise.

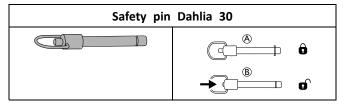
Mounting the backrest actuator

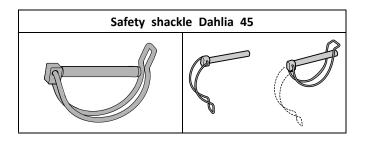


- Place the upper part of the backrest actuator (A) in the 1. attachment [®] on the frame.
- Attach the backrest actuator with the safety pin or 2. safety shackle © in the lower hole of the attachment.
 - Dahlia 30 has a safety pin and Dahlia 45 has ľ a safety shackle.
- Place the lower part of the backrest actuator (A) in the 3. lower attachment G on the frame.
- Attach the lower part with the pin E, sleeve D and 4. the locking washer E.

μĬ Nippers

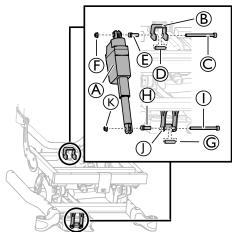
Locking the safety pin





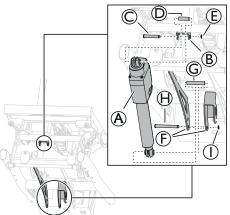
Mounting the seat tilt actuator

Seat tilt actuator — Dahlia 30



- 1. Place the upper part of the seat tilt actuator B in the attachment B on the frame.
- 2. Attach the seat tilt actuator with the screw $\mathbb C$, the sleeves $\mathbb D$ and $\mathbb E$ and the nut $\mathbb F.$
- 3. Place the lower part of the seat tilt actuator in the front attachment ${\rm (I)}$ on the frame.
- 4. Attach the seat tilt actuator with the screw ①, the sleeves ₲ and ⊕ and the nut 𝔅.
- 5. <u>Tighten the screws with 24 Nm.</u>
 - 6 mm Allen key / 13 mm fixed spanner

Seat tilt actuator — Dahlia 45

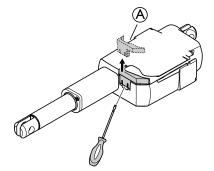


- 1. Place the upper part of the seat tilt actuator $\textcircled{\sc 8}$ in the attachment $\textcircled{\sc 8}$ on the frame.
- 2. Attach the seat tilt actuator with the pin $\mathbb C$, the sleeve $\mathbb D$ and the locking washer $\mathbb E.$
- 3. Place the lower part of the seat tilt actuator in the lower attachment $\bar{\mathbb{F}}$ on the frame.
- 4. Attach the seat tilt actuator with the pin B, the sleeve G and the locking washer O.

Nippers

Cable lock — actuator

Cable lock removal



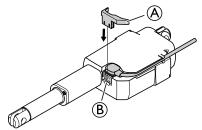
- 1. Loosen the cable lock A.
 - \mathring{l} Use a screwdriver to loosen the cable lock.
- 2. Remove the cable lock from the actuator.



Damage to the product

 When a cable lock is removed, it must be replaced by a new one.

Mount the cable lock



- 1. Place the cable in the holder $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ on the seat tilt actuator.
 - $\underbrace{\overset{\circ}{l}}_{\text{before adding the cable lock } \mathbb{B}. }$
- 2. Attach the cable lock ${\ensuremath{\mathbb B}}$ by pushing it into place on the seat tilt actuator.



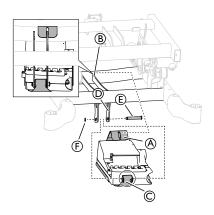
CAUTION!

Risk of damage to the product - The cable lock must be mounted when

washing the wheelchair.

2.21.4 Mounting the control box

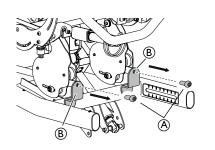
Dahlia 30



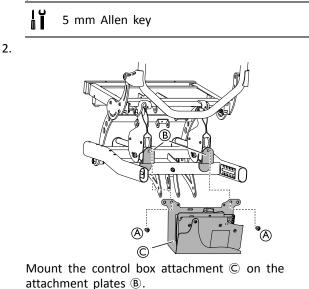
- 1. Mount the upper part of the control box attachment B in the attachment B on the chassis.
- 2. Mount the lower part of the control box attachment $\mathbb C$ in the attachment $\mathbb D$ on the chassis.
- 3. Attach the control box attachment \mathbbm{C} with the pin \mathbbm{E} and the locking washer $\mathbbm{E}.$

Dahlia 45

1.



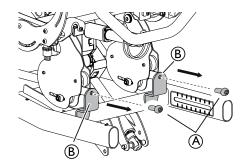
Loosen and remove the screws A from the attachment plates B.



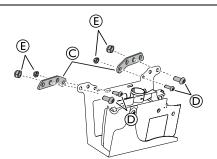
- 3. Re-mount the screws (A) in order to fixate the control box attachment.
- 4. Tighten the screws with 24 Nm.
 - 5 mm Allen key

Extension kit - control box

In order to fit the control box to Dahlia width 49, an extension kit for the holder needs to be used:

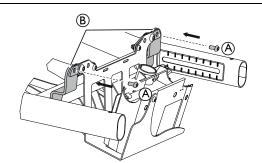


- 1. Loosen and remove the screws (A) from the attachment plates (B).
 - 5 mm Allen key



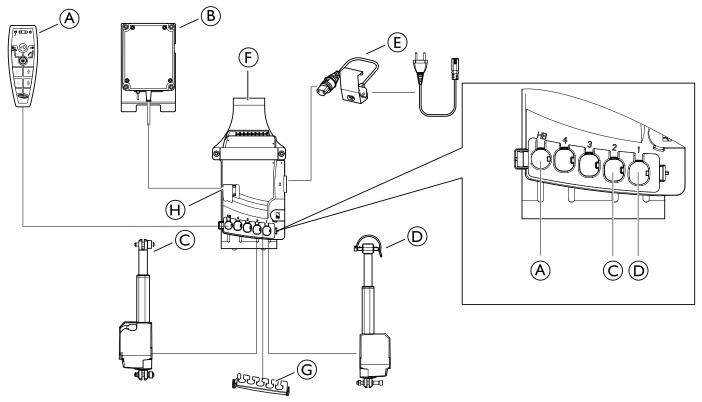
- 2. Mount the extension plates $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ on the holder for the control box.
- 3. Attach the extension plates with the screws ${\rm \textcircled{O}}$ and the nuts ${\rm (E)}.$
- 4. Tighten the screws with 9 Nm for the inner, smaller screw and 24 Nm for the outer larger screw.

4mm + 5 mm Allen key



- 5. Mount the control box attachment with the extension plates on the attachments (B).
- 6. Re-mount the screws A.
- 7. Tighten the screws with 24 Nm.

2.21.5 Electrical schedule



A	Hand control
B	Battery
©	Seat tilt actuator
D	Backrest recline actuator
E	Mains cable
F	Control box
G	Cable lock actuators
\oplus	Cable lock battery cable



CAUTION! Risk of malfunction

The system may not work properly

- Connect all functions before connecting the mains cable.
- Connect the hand control first. The connection at the control box is marked with "HB".
- Connect the different actuators according to the schedule above.
- Check that all plugs are well connected and firmly pushed into the connection plug.
- Check that the cable locks are engaged in order for the cables to be secured in the control box.
- Connect the battery.
- Connect the mains cable and turn on the power.
- Control boxes must only be connected to the mains voltage specified on the label. See chapter "Electrical system" for more information.
- Make sure that the cables are not trapped, tensed or exposed to sharp objects when using the system.

2.22 Assemble gas piston — Backrest and seat



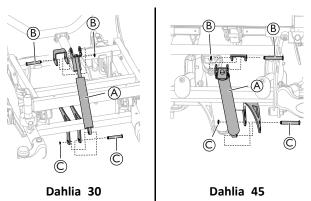
Safety risk

WARNING!

- The wheelchair may collapse
- Be careful when removing the safety pins for the backrest or seat gas pistons.
- Always reinsert and fasten the safety pins or the safety shackle when they have been removed.
- Check that the safety pins or the lock shackle
 / loop is securely locked.

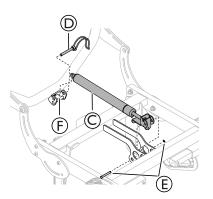
2.22.1 Assembling gas piston to the chassis

Seat tilt



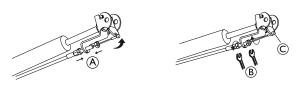
- 1. Assemble the gas piston (A) to the front and the rear attachment.
- 2. Fixate the gas piston with the safety pin and the locking washer (B) and (C).

Backrest



- 1. Assemble the gas piston $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ to the front and the rear attachment.
- 2. Attach the gas piston to the safety pin on the rear attachment $\ensuremath{\mathbb{E}}$.
- 3. Fixate the gas piston with the safety shackle D.
- 4. Fixate the gas piston in the front with the pin and locking washer $\bar{\mathbb{E}}.$

2.22.2 Assembling wire for gas piston



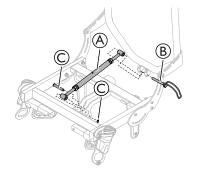
- 1. Place the wire A as shown on the picture.
- 2. Make sure that the wire is fully stretched, straight backwards.
- 3. Place the wire in the attachment.
 - $\underbrace{\overset{\circ}{\square}}_{\text{L}} \quad \text{There should not be any distance between the wire end } \bigcirc \text{ and the front part of the attachment.}$
- 4. Attach the wire to the chassis with an attachment clip.
- 5. Fixate the wire with the nuts [®].
- 6. Tighten the nuts.
 - 10 mm fixed spanner

2.23 Mounting the Rigging screw

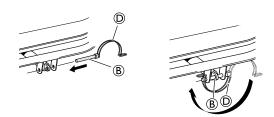
WARNING!

Safety risk

- The wheelchair may collapse
- Remember to always reinsert and fasten the safety pin when it has been removed.
- Check that the lock shackle / loop is securely locked.



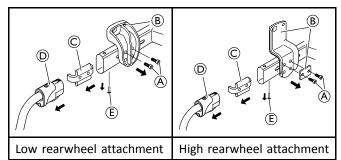
- 1. Attach the Rigging screw $\textcircled{\sc B}$ in the front and the rear attachments.
- 2. Fixate the Rigging screw (A) in the rear attachment with the safety shackle (B).



- 3. Close the safety shackle ^(B) with the lock shackle ^(D) to secure the Rigging screw ^(A).
- 4. Fixate the Rigging screw (A) in the front attachment with the safety pin and the locking washer (C).

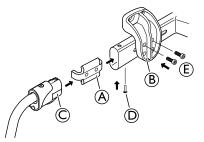
2.24 Changing the rearwheel attachment

Remove the rearwheel attachment

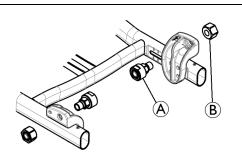


- 1. Loosen and remove the screw E.
- 2. Remove the antitipper D.
- 3. Loosen and remove the screws A.
 -) When using the high rearwheel attachment, also remove the reinforcement plate.
- 4. Remove the attachment nut $\mathbb C$ and the rearwheel attachment $\mathbb B.$
 - 5 mm allen key
 - 25 mm torx driver

2.25 Mounting the One-Arm Drive Mechanism



- 1. Mount the rear wheel attachment nut \triangle .
- Attach the rear wheel attachment
 B and the screws
 E to fixate the rear wheel attachment.
- 3. Tighten the screws (E) with 22 Nm.
- 4. Mount the anti-tipper \mathbb{C} and the screw \mathbb{D} .
- 5. Repeat the procedure on the opposite side.
 - 5 mm Allen key
 T25 Torx driver



- Mount the axle brackets A and the nuts B.
 Tighten the nuts with 45 0/+5 Nm.
 - 32 mm fixed spanner

2.26 Removing the Rear Wheel with One-arm Drive

WARNING! Risk of injury

 Always remove the telescopic rear wheel shaft © before removing the rear wheels.

WARNING!

Risk of injury The wheels come off

 Check that the rear wheel is securely locked in position! It should not be possible to remove the wheels when the removable axle button (A) is inactivated. Test this by trying to pull the wheel off.

CAUTION!

Risk of injury

Minor bruises, pain
Be careful not to get your fingers trapped between the rear wheel spokes and the three brackets of the outer handrim.

Disengaging and Engaging the Rear Wheel Shaft

To fold the wheelchair it is necessary to disengage the telescopic rear wheel shaft $\mathbb{C}.$

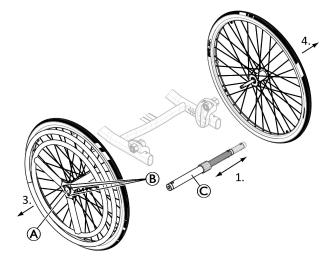
- 1. Disengage the telescopic shaft $\mathbb C$ by sliding one part inside the other.
- 2. To facilitate this operation move the small handrim forwards to backwards.
- 3. Reverse procedure to engage the telescopic rear wheel shaft.



CAUTION! Risk of accident

The telescopic rear wheel shaft © is an integral part of the wheelchair and the user will be unable to propel the wheelchair without it.

Removing and Installing the Rear Wheel



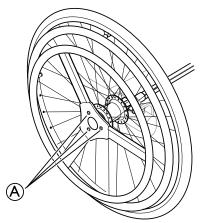
The removable and interchangeable rear wheels facilitate transport as well as change of the control side.

- 1. Remove the telescopic rear wheel shaft \mathbb{C} .
- 2. Press the removable axle button (A). Keep it pressed and pull the wheel outwards.
- 3. Remove the rear wheel.

- 4. Repeat procedure on the opposite side.
- 5. Reverse procedure to reinstall the rear wheels.

2.27 Changing the Handrim for One-Arm Drive

1.



Loosen the three screws $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ and remove the handrim.

- 2. Turn the handrim around in order to increase/decrease the distance between handrims.
- 3. Re-mount the turned handrim.
- 4. Tighten the screws (2,5 0/+1 Nm) again.

5 mm Allen key



WARNING! Risk of injury

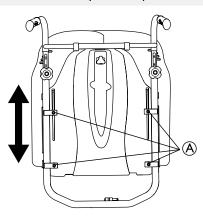
 Be careful if you remove the telescopic rear wheel shaft. Point it away from your body when you release the steel spring inside.

3 Settings and Adjustments

Backrest plate 3.1

3.1.1 Height adjustment backrest plate

- **Risk of damage**
 - Poor functionality on the backrest. - Any adjustments made to the backrest should be evaluated by trained personnel.



You can easily adjust the backrest plate (+130 mm).

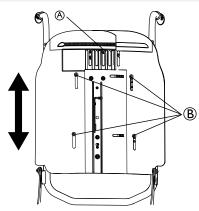
- Loosen the four screws A. 1.
- 2. Set the backrest plate to the required height.
- 3. Re-tighten the screws.
 - Ĩ Tools: 5 mm Allen Key.
 - The height of the "Laguna" backrest plate is ື່ງໃ adjusted in the same way. Maximum height adjustment is 110 mm.
 - The "Laguna" backrest cushion is the only available Ĭ cushion choice for the "Laguna" backrest plate.
 - Any adjustments made to the backrest should be Ĭ evaluated by trained personnel.



CAUTION! **Risk of pinching**

When adjusting the height these is a risk of pinching your finger.

- Be careful when adjusting the height.



- Upper screws for additional height adjustment (A)
- Lower screws for additional height adjustment **B**

For additional height adjustment (50 mm):

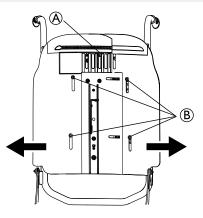
- 1. Loosen screws.
- Set the required height. 2.
- Re-tighten the screws. 3.
 - ĩ Tools: 5 mm Allen Key

Width adjustment backrest plate 3.1.2



WARNING! **Risk of breakage**

The backrest might brake if adjusted too wide. - If you have seat width 490 mm (max seat width) the backrest should NOT be adjusted to the widest possibility (+100 mm).



ĭ Tools: 5 mm Allen Key

For width adjustment:

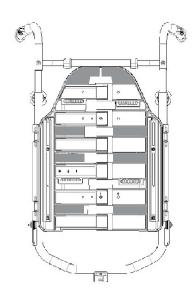
- Remove the upper screw A, and loosen the lower 1. screws ^(B).
- Adjust to the required width (+25 or 50 mm on each 2. side).
- Re-insert the upper screw and tighten. 3.
- Tighten the lower screws 4.
 - The "Laguna" backrest plate is not possible to ື່ງໃ adjust in width, only in height.

Special adaptation of Flex 3 backrest 3.2



WARNING! Safety risk

- All changes to the back are seen as a special adaptation of the product. That means that the rules for special adaptation are in force. All adaptations must be documented and a risk asessment must be carried out. The adaptor is responsible for the adaptions.



- 1. Remove the width adjustment plates.
- Remove the screws on the front and remove the front and back plates. The shaded areas indicates where drilling can be done. Max. diameter of drill hole is 6 mm. Use washers with the minimum 18 mm diameter beneath the nut on the inside of the screws.
- 3. Return the parts, re-insert the screws and tighten them with 3,2 Nm.

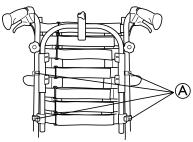
3.3 Tension adjustable backrest

3.3.1 Adjustment height — tension adjustable backrest

There are two ways of adjusting the height for the tension adjustable backrest:

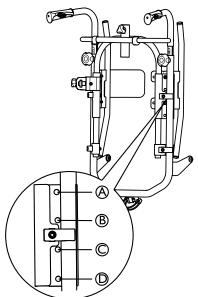
Height adjustment — alternative 1

You can easily adjust the tension adjustable backrest (max. +120 mm).



- 1. Loosen the four screws (A) as shown above.
- 2. Set at the required height.
- 3. Re-tighten the screws.

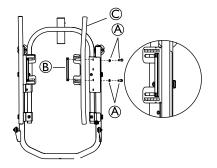
Height adjustment — alternative 2



 $\textcircled{\sc b}$ to $\textcircled{\sc D}$ $% \sub{\sc b}$. Screws for alternative height adjustment

 ${ll}$ Tools: 5 mm Allen Key

An additional height adjustment can be made by mounting the backrest attachment either in position B and C or in position B and D on the backrest tubes, as shown in the picture above.



jĭ Tools: 5 mm Allen Key

- 1. Remove the screws and the washers (A), the long nut (B), and the backrest attachment (C).
- 2. Support nut [®], screws and washers ^A in order to prevent them from falling to the ground.
- 3. When the position of the backrest attachment © is changed, re-mount everything and tighten the screws.

3.3.2 Width adjustment — Tension adjustable backrest

- Risk of damage
- Poor functionality on the backrest.
 - Any adjustments made to the backrest should be evaluated by trained personnel.

The tension adjustable backrest must be adapted and adjusted according to the individual needs of the user. The following steps guides you through the adjustment of the backrest.

Turning of the backrest tubes

The tension adjustable backrest is designed with different angles as shown in picture B and B below. This allows for different adjustments according to how the backrest is mounted. Position A (the part of the backrest with the longer angle turned upwards) gives the user more room for the shoulder area while position B gives more room for the bottom.

Determine if the user needs more space in the shoulder area or in the bottom area. The design of the backrest tubes with different angles allows for these adjustments.

- 1. Loosen and remove screws on both sides.
- 2. Turn the backrest.
- 3. Reinsert the screws.
- 4. Make sure to fasten properly.
- $\overset{\circ}{\underline{l}} \qquad \mbox{The user can not sit in the chair when the backrest tubes are removed.}$



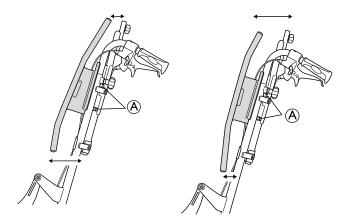
The backrest tubes have a width adjustment of 25 mm. The upper and lower parts of the tubes can be adjusted individually to accommodate for different needs. The outward movement will embrace the user and offer lateral support.

Backrest positioning

Angle the backrest- and seat tilt a couple of degrees in order to obtain a stable seating position for the user.

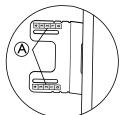


- A Position A The longer angle of the backrest is turned upwards.
- B Position B The longer angle of the backrest is turned downwards.



- A Screws for adjustment of the backrest tubes.
- ∬ Tools: 5 mm Allen Key

3.3.3 Angle adjustment — Tension adjustable backrest



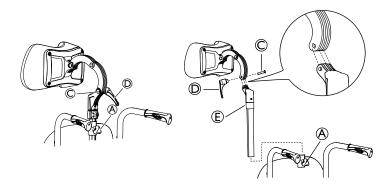
The backrest tubes can be angled individually, the indication labels A on the backrest tubes are a help in order to get the same angle on both sides.



- 1. Move the user from the chair.
- 2. Remove the backrest cover and loosen the hook and loop straps the straps should slack about 5 cm.
- 3. Loosen the backrest tubes and adjust them in order to fit the shape of the user.
- 4. Re-tighten the screws after adjustment.

3.4 Positioning the headrest / neckrest to the front

 $\frac{1}{2}$ This additional depth adjustment will move the headrest another 7 cm forward.



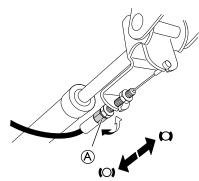
 \mathring{l} You can also adjust the angle and depth by turning the attachment for the headrest / neckrest.

- 1. Loosen the handwheel ^(A).
- 2. Remove the headrest / neckrest.
- 3. Loosen the handle D.
- 4. Remove the screw and the handle.
- 5. Rotate the headrest / neckrest attachment pole including the attachment (E).
- 6. Return the headrest / neckrest to the attachment.
- $\underbrace{\mathring{l}}_{\underline{l}} \quad \text{Note that the screw to the headrest / neckrest} \\ \text{attachment } \bigcirc \text{ and the handle } \bigcirc \text{ must be mounted} \\ \text{on the opposite side due to the groves in the} \\ \text{screw hole.} \\ \end{aligned}$
- 7. Return the headrest / neckrest to the attachment on the backrest.
- 8. Re-tighten the handle $\mathbb D$ and the handwheel $\mathbb A.$

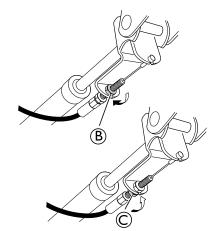
3.5 Adjusting the user operated tilt

1.

2.

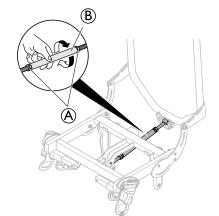


Adjust the tilt resistance with the adjustment nut $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ on the wire.



Fixate the wire in the holder with the fixation nut (B). When the desired tilt resistance is achieved, fixate the position with the fixation nut (C).

3.6 Backrest angle — rigging screw



- 1. To adjust the angle of the backrest, first loosen nuts A on the rigging screw.
 - ${l}$ Tools: 17 mm fixed spanner.
- 2. Turn the metal tube ${}^{\textcircled{B}}$ to set the desired angle for the back.
- 3. Re-tighten the nuts.

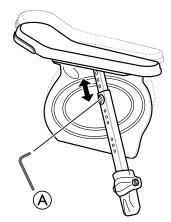
CAUTION!

Risk of discomfort for the user The low pivot point causes shearing when the back is reclined, this might result in discomfort for the user.

 Make sure that the user is well positioned after each adjustment.

3.7 Armrest

3.7.1 Adjusting the armrest height



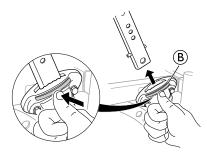
- 1. Adjust the height of the armrests and / or side rests by turning the screw or the hand wheel (A) depending on which type of armrest you have chosen.
- 2. Set the required height.
- 3. Re-tighten the screw / hand wheel.



CAUTION! Risk of trapping fingers

 Be careful not to trap your fingers between the armrest / side support pad and the armrest attachment when adjusting the armrest height. ື່ງ

- Using low armrests, or adjusting the armrests in low heights, may cause conflicts with the rear wheels when tilting the chair.
 - The longer armrest (330 mm), is only available with the "Ducktail" armrest pad.



[°] The armrests have an auto-lock to prevent involuntary movement or detachment. Press the button [®] on the armrest to release before removing or adjusting the armrest.

3.7.2 Adjusting the armrest/side rest depth

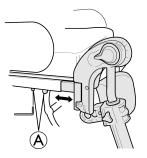


- 1. Loosen the screw or the handwheel (A), depending on which type of armrest you have chosen
- 2. Set the pad and or the side rest in the required position.
- 3. Re-tighten the screw / handwheel.

Risk of poor adjustment

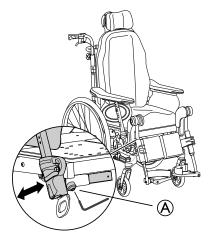
- There must not be any pressure on the armrest while adjusting the screw.

3.8 Adjusting the seat depth



- 1. Remove the seat cushion.
- 2. Loosen the screws (A) with an 5 mm Allen key.
- Move the front edge of the seat forwards or backwards.
- 4. Re-tighten the screws A (5-6 Nm).
- 5. Put the seat cushion back.
 - $\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} The distance between the back of the knee/calf and the cushion should be as small as possible, but without contact. \end{tabular}$

3.9 Adjusting the seat width



- 1. Loosen the screw (A) with an allen key.
 - j ĭ Tools: 5 mm allen key
- 2. Adjust the armrest to the desired width.
- 3. Re-tighten the screw (A).
 - Risk or poor adjustment
 - There must not be any pressure on the armrest / legrest while adjusting the screw.

3.10 Rear Wheel Attachment



CAUTION! Risk of tipping

When options are mounted on the back of the wheelchair the tip risk increases.

 When options are mounted on the back of the wheelchair, the standard position should be used.



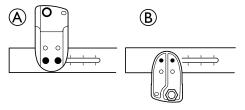
WARNING! Safety risk

 When you have fitted the wheels in the correct position, it is important that you check thoroughly that the nuts and screws are tightened securely. This is important for your own safety!

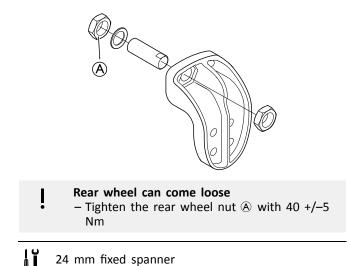
WARNING! Risk of tipping

The risk of tipping increases when the rear wheels are moved forward. – Always use anti-tip devices.

Standard position



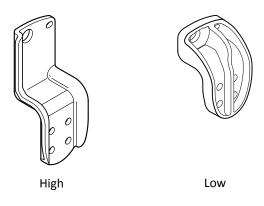
Position (A) is the standard position for 20-24'' rear wheels. Position (B) is the standard position for 16'' rear wheels.



3.11 Adjusting the seat height and balance point with the rearwheel

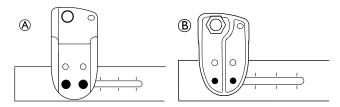
attachment

For Dahlia, there are two different sizes of rearwheel attachment:



The position of the rearwheel attachment can be adjusted, turned and changed in order to change the balance point and the seat height of the chair. The following sections will show and explain the different options of rearwheel position.

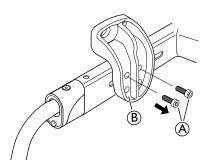
3.11.1 Rearwheel attachment — standard position



The standard position for the high rearwheel attachment (a) and the low rearwheel attachment (b) is in the most outer position. This is the position of the rearwheel when receiving the product.

3.11.2 Turning the rearwheel attachment

 $\underbrace{\overset{}_{\mathbb{I}}}_{\mathbb{I}} \quad \mbox{ It is only possible to turn the low version of the rearwheel attachment, not the high version. }$



Loosen and remove the attachment screws A from the rearwheel attachment B.

5 mm allen key

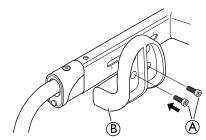
1.

2.

3.



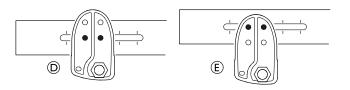
Turn the rearwheel attachment around.



Re-attach the rearwheel attachment [®] on the same side.

- 4. Re-tighten the screws (A) with 22 Nm.
- 5. Repeat the procedure on the opposite side.

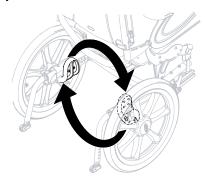
5 mm allen key



When turning the rearwheel attachment, you can mount it either in position D or position E. Position D gives a lower seat height and position E gives a higher seat height.

See section: "Seat height tables" for more information about position of the rearwheel attachment and seat heights.

3.11.3 Rearwheel attachment mounted on the opposite side



The rearwheel attachment can also switch sides in order to give more adjustment possibilities. By doing this, the seat height and the placement of the rearwheels can be changed even more.

See section: "Changing the rearwheel attachment" for instructions about how to demount and remount the rearwheel attachment.

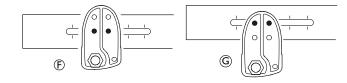
 $\overset{\circ}{\underline{l}} \qquad \mbox{Remount the rearwheel attachment on the opposite side instead of on the same side.}$

3.11.4 Rearwheel attachment turned — opposite sides



When the rearwheel is mounted on the opposide side compared to the standard position, it can also be turned to give further adjustment possibilities.

See section: "Turning the rearwheel attachment" for instructions about how to demount and remount the rearwheel attachment.



First position \bigcirc , gives a lower seat height and the second position \bigcirc gives a higher seat height.

See section: "Seat height tables" for more information about position of the rearwheel attachment and seat heights.

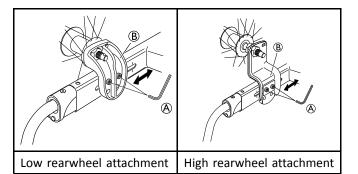
3.11.5 Rear wheel attachment — depth adjustment



WARNING! Risk of tipping

When the rear wheel attachment is moved forward the centre of gravity will change. The risk of tipping increases the more the chair is tilted.

- Be careful when tilting the wheelchair if the rear wheel attachment is moved forward.



- 1. Loosen the two screws A.
 - \hat{j} Tools: 5 mm allen key
- 2. Move the rear wheel attachment ${}^{\textcircled{}}_{B}$ backwards or forwards.
- Re-tighten the screws with 22 Nm for the low attachment and 18–24 Nm for the high attachment.



WARNING! Imbalance

 Make sure that the screws are tightened properly after adjustment (22 Nm for the low attachment and 18–24 Nm for the high attachment)).



CAUTION! Risk of pinching

When the rear wheel attachment is adjusted to the most forward position and large rearwheels are used, there is a risk of pinching the fingers as the distance between the rear wheel and the armrest is too small.

 Move the rear wheel attachment backwards in order to reduce the risk.

3.12 Castor attachment

3.12.1 Removing and Installing the Fixed Front Castors

WARNING!

Risk of overturning If a front castor is not properly assembling, the front castor can become loose during use. This can lead to overturning.

 Always ensure that the front castors are properly assembling whenever you install a front castor.

Removing the fixed front castors

- 1. Remove the castor knob.
- 2. Loosen and remove the nut and the two spacers.

- 3. With one hand, hold the wheelchair upright.
- 4. With the other, remove the front castor out of the castor axle bracket.

19 mm fixed spanner

Installing the fixed front castors

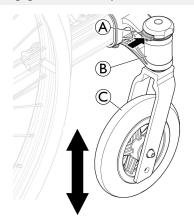
- 1. With one hand, hold the wheelchair upright.
- 2. With the other, push the castor axle into the castor axle bracket up to the stop.
- 3. Install the two spacers and tighten the nut with 40 +/- 2 Nm.
- Make sure that the front castor axle is properly assemble.
- 5. Install the castor knob.

3.12.2 Installing and Removing the Detachable Front Castors (if so equipped)



Risk of overturning

If the locking mechanism of a front castor is not fully engaged, the front castor can become loose during use. This can lead to overturning. – Always ensure that the front castors are fully engaged whenever you install a front castor.



Installing the front castors

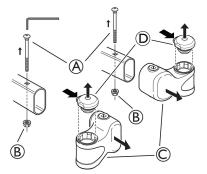
- 1. With one hand, hold the wheelchair upright.
- 2. With the other, push the castor axle into the castor axle bracket (B) up to the stop.
- 3. Make sure there is an audible click and ensure that the front castor $\mathbb C$ is secure.

Removing the front castors

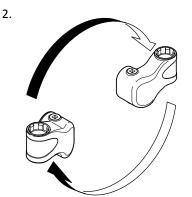
- 1. With one hand, hold the wheelchair upright.
- 3. Keep it pressed and pull the front castor $\mathbb C$ out of the castor axle bracket $(\mathbb B)$.

3.12.3 Adjusting the castor attachment

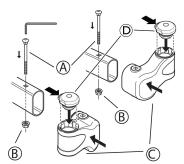
1.



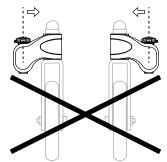
- a. Loosen and remove the screws B and the nuts B. Remove the castor attachment C on both sides.
- b. Remove the locking mechanism D and the lower bearings on both sides, for detachable version only.
- 4 mm Allen key /10 mm fixed spanner



Turn the castor attachment and switch sides. 3.



- a. Re-mount the turned castor attachment ${\mathbb C}$ to the opposite d side. Re-mount the screws ${\mathbb A}$ and the nuts ${\mathbb B}$ with 9 Nm.
- b. Insert the bearings in the lower position and strongly engage the locking mechanism D to the opposite side, for detachable version only.



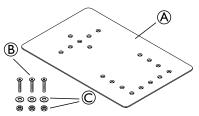
WARNING!

Risk of tipping

Make sure that the castor attachments are mounted, correctly, the castors must be placed on the outside of the frame. If the castor attachments are turned, they must be mounted to the opposite side, with the castors facing outwards.

3.13 Mounting the seat plate extension

The seat plate extension kit can be used in order to increase the width and depth of the seat plate according to the need of the user.

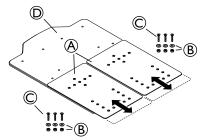


The seat plate extension kit consists of two extension plates B and screws, washers and nuts B to fixate the extension plates.

The following section will show some examples of how the seat plate extension kit can be used.

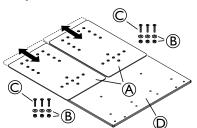
- The seat 2 seat plate extensions can be combined in many ways in order to give extra width / depth depending on the need of the user.
- $ec{1}$ Tools: Screwdriver PH2 / fixed key 7 mm

3.13.1 Seat plate extension to the front



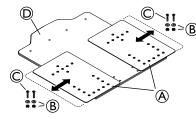
- 1. Remove the seat cushion.
- 2. Place the extension plates $\textcircled{\sc b}$ on the front of the seat plate $\textcircled{\sc D}.$
 - $\mathring{\underline{0}}$ The extension plate can be adjusted 25 mm or 50 mm forward.
- 3. Attach the screws © on the upper side of the seat plate. Attach the washers and nuts [®] under the seat plate to fixate the extension kit.
- 4. Tighten the screws.

3.13.2 Seat plate extension to the rear



- 1. Remove the seat cushion.
- 2. Place the extension plates (A) at the back of the seat plate (D).
 - $\tilde{\underline{J}}$ The extension plate can be adjusted 25 mm, 50 mm or 75 mm rearward.
- 3. Attach the screws © on the upper side of the seat plate. Attach the washers and nuts [®] under the seat plate to fixate the extension kit.
- 4. Tighten the screws.

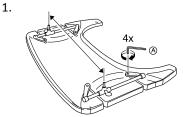
3.13.3 Seat plate extension sidewise



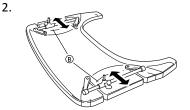
- 1. Remove the seat cushion.
- 2. Place the extension plates (Å) on both sides of the seat plate $\bar{\mathbb{D}}.$
- 3. Attach the screws © on the upper side of the seat plate. Attach the washers and nuts [®] under the seat plate to fixate the extension kit.
- 4. Tighten the screws.
 - $\begin{tabular}{ll} $ $ In order to use the extension kit in this position, the width of the armrests also needs to be increased. \end{tabular} \end{tabular}$

See section: "Width adjustment seat" for instruction on how to change the armrest width.

3.14 Adjusting the width of the table tray



Loosen the 4 screws A.



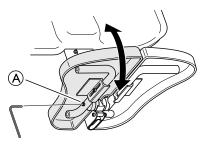
Adjust the attachment bars (B) in order to fit the table to the desired width. Re-tighten the screws.

3.

- ັງ Tools: 5 mm Allen key
- 2. Place the legrest in the desired position.
- 3. Secure the legrest into place using the Allen screw.

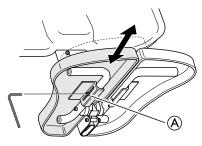
Alternative 2:

- 1. Loosen the Allen screw ^B by the legrest attachment.
 - $\check{1}$ Tools: 5 mm Allen key
- 2. Adjust to the desired height.
- 3. Re-tighten the screw
- 3.16.2 Adjusting the foot angle of the central legrest



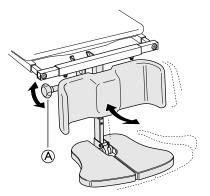
- (A) Screw for foot angle adjustment
- 1. Loosen the rear screw A on the side of the tube.
 - \tilde{I} Tools: 5 mm Allen key
- 2. Adjust the legrest to the desired angle.
- 3. Retighten the screw.
- 4. Repeat this procedure to adjust the angle of the other foot plate.

3.16.3 Adjusting the depth of the central legrest



- 1. Loosen the frontal screw $\textcircled{\sc 8}$ on the side of the tube.
 - ${{l}}$ Tools: 5 mm Allen key
- 2. Adjust the depth of the foot plate.
- 3. Tighten the screw (A) when you have found the desired depth.
- 4. Repeat this procedure to adjust the depth of the other foot plate.

3.16.4 Adjusting the angle of the central legrest



- 1. Loosen the adjustment knob A.
- 2. Hold the foot plate with the other hand.
- 3. Adjust to the appropriate leg angle.
- 4. Re-tighten the knob.



WARNING! Risk of trapping fingers

When adjusting the foot plate, the fingers might get trapped.

 Loosen the adjustment knob with one hand and hold the foot plate with the other hand to avoid trapping yours or anyone else's fingers.



CAUTION! Risk of damage

The legrest might cause damage to the floor.
When the seat is tilted forwards on a chair with a long legrest length and low seat height, there is a risk of the legrest hitting the floor and causing damage.

3.17 Adjusting the leg rests

To adjust the leg rests, refer to the User Manual paragraphs:

- 1. Swing away, angle adjustable leg rest.
- 2. Swing away leg rest (fixed).

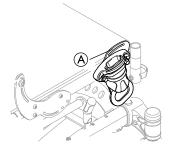
5 mm Allen key

3.18 Assemble the Posture Belt for Positioning

- Belts/harnesses which are CE-marked for the purpose of using on wheelchairs, can be mounted on the chair with preserved CE-marking. The belt/harness should be fitted by the responsible prescriber and be mounted by a qualified technician. However, when using the wheelchair as a seat in a motor vehicle, Invacare's original posture belt must be used in addition to, but never as a substitute for an approved passenger restraint system (3-point belt)!
- $\underbrace{\overset{\circ}{\fbox}}_{\text{hormula}} \quad \mbox{The purpose of using the posture belt as a positioning help is to position the user and to give him / her a better posture.}$

- Definition The posture belt should be placed in the front attachment bracket when used for positioning of the thighs/knees.
- [°] The posture belt should be placed in the lower slot on the backrest attachment bracket when used for positioning of the thighs.

3.18.1 Assemble posture belt to front attachment

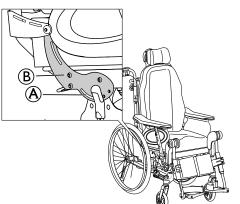


When using the posture belt for positioning of the knees, the front attachment slot A can be used.



WARNING! Risk of injury

3.18.2 Assemble posture belt to rear attachment



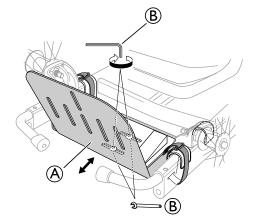
When using the posture belt for positioning of the thighs, the attachment slot B on the backrest attachment B can be used.



WARNING! Risk of injury

- The attachment slot (A) must not be used for safety belts when transferring the user in a vehicle.

3.19 Adjusting the width of the accessory tray

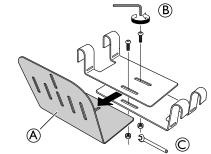


- 1. Loosen the 2 screws and nuts B on the accessory tray A, but do not remove them.
- 2. Adjust to the desired depth.
- 3. Re-tighten the screws again.

٠	5 mm allen key
٠	13 mm fixed spanner

3.20 Adjusting the depth of the accessory tray

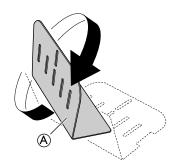
1.



Loosen the screws ${}^{\textcircled{}}$ and the nuts ${}^{\textcircled{}}$ and remove the main plate ${}^{\textcircled{}}$.

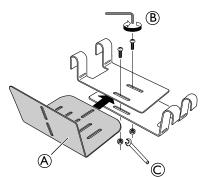
 ${1}$ Tools: 5 mm allen key, 13 mm spanner





Turn the main plate A 180°.

1572308-J



Re-mount the turned main plate A and re-tighten the screws B and nuts C.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $ In this position, the anti-tip device can not be folded. \end{tabular} \end{tabular}$

3.21 Brake attachment

WARNING!

Poor brake effect

- After every adjustment of the brake, make sure to adjust and test the brake effect.
 See section "User brake — adjustment" for
- more information.

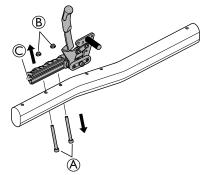
The brake attachment can be mounted in four different positions:

Pos 1 — 16"-22" wheels	Pos 2 — 22"-24" wheels
Pos 3 — 16"-20" wheels	Pos 4 — 16"-20" wheels

 $\ \overset{\circ}{\underline{j}} \qquad \mbox{See "Seat height tables" in section "Technical data"} for a more detailed information.$

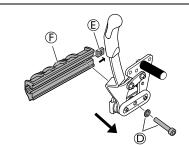
Change position

Change position from an upper placement of the attachment (pos 1 and 3), to a lower placement (pos 2 and 4):



Loosen and remove the screws (A) and the nuts (B).
 Remove the brake attachment with the brake (C) from the chassis.





3. Loosen and remove the screw and the washer \mathbb{D} .

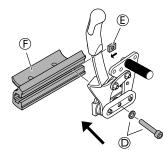
6 mm Allen key

- 4. Remove the brake from the brake attachment (F).
- 5. Be careful not to loose the nut (E) which is located inside the brake attachment (E).

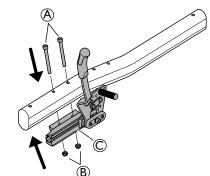


6. Turn the brake attachment (E) 180 degrees.

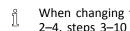
6 mm Allen key



- 7. Re-mount the brake on the turned brake attachment $\overset{}{(\mathbb{F})}$.
- 8. Remember to re-insert the nut $\ensuremath{\mathbb{E}}$ if this was removed from the attachment.
- 9. Re-mount the screw and the washer \mathbb{D} .
- 10. Tighten the screw with 10 Nm.



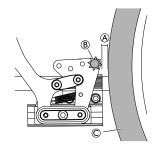
- 11. Re-mount the brake and the attachment $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ on the lower position on the chassis.
- 12. Re-mount the screws A and the nuts B.
- 13. Tighten the screws with 5 Nm.
 - 6 mm Allen key



When changing the position from pos 1-3 or pos 2-4, steps 3-10 are excluded.

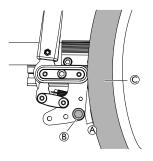
3.22 Adjusting the brake effect

Brake type 1



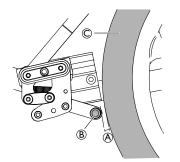
The distance A between the pin B and the tire Ĭ © should be max. 2 mm.

Brake type 2 (not available on all models)



The distance (A) between the pin (B) and the tire ĩ © should be max. 15 mm.

Brake type 3 (16" wheels)



The distance B between the pin B and the tire ĵ © should be max. 6 mm.

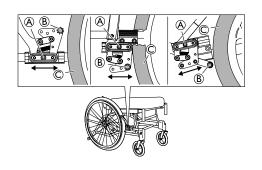
User brake — adjustment 3.22.1

To attain the correct braking effect, the brake pin should press into the tire when you apply the brake. The brake may therefore require depth adjustment.



WARNING!

Risk of reduced brake effect - Incorrect setting or use of the brake reduces the braking effect.



- ĵ Tool: 5 mm Allen key
- Loosen the screw A. 1.
- 2. Move the brake to the required position.
- 3. Re-tighten the screw A.



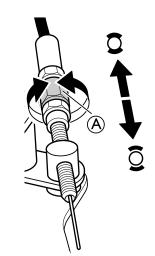
CAUTION! **Risk of trapping fingers**

- Be careful not to trap your fingers between the brake pin \mathbb{B} and rear wheel \mathbb{C} .

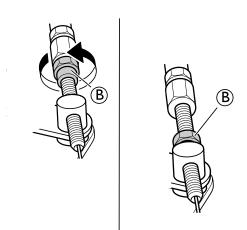
3.22.2 Drum brake — adjustments

1.

2.



Adjust the brake effect with the adjustment nut A on the wire.



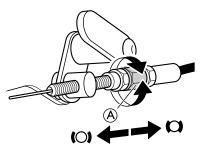
When the desired brake effect is achieved, fixate the brake wire with the fixation nut B.



- WARNING! Risk of injury
- Poor brake effect - Check the brake effect after mounting or adjusting the brake.

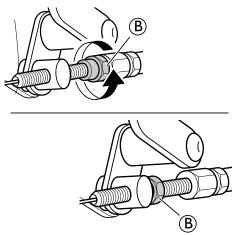
3.22.3 Foot maneuvered brake — adjustments

1.



Adjust the brake effect with the adjustment nut $\textcircled{\begin{tabular}{ll} \label{eq:constraint} \label{eq:constraint}}$ on the wire.





When the desired brake effect is achieved, fixate the brake wire with the fixation nut $(\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}).$



WARNING! Risk of injury

Poor brake effect

 Check the brake effect after mounting or adjusting the foot maneuvered brake.

4 Maintenance

4.1 Safety information

Regular checks and maintenance of the wheelchair ensure the user's safety and the expected lifetime of the chair.

4.2 Maintenance Electrical Version

General

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \widehat{l} & The electrical products are closed units and require no internal maintenance. \end{tabular}$

CAUTION!

Risk of damage to the product

- The plastic parts in the system cannot tolerate cutting oil.
- Do not use chemicals, inspect the system yearly for damage and wear.
- Do not use strong solvents, basic or alkaline liquids.
- The system must be cleaned at regular intervals to remove dust and dirt.
- The system must be inspected at regular intervals for mechanical damages, wear and breaks.
- The system must be inspected at attachment points, wires, piston rods, cabinets and plugs.

Battery

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $ $ \overset{\circ}{l} $ $ I he electrical products are closed units and require no internal maintenance. \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \end{tabular}$



CAUTION!

Risk of damage to the product

- Handle the battery carefully.
- The battery should be replaced after 4 years at the latest depending on the usage frequency.
- For an optimum lifetime, the product must be connected to the mains voltage as often as possible. It is recommended to load the battery at least every 3rd month.
- Test the battery function at least once a year.

4.3 Cleaning and Disinfection

4.3.1 General Safety Information



Risk of Contamination

CAUTION!

 Take precautions for yourself and use appropriate protective equipment.

IMPORTANT!

- Wrong fluids or methods can harm or damage the product.
 - All cleaning agents and disinfectants used must be effective, compatible with one another and must protect the materials they are used to clean.
 - Never use corrosive fluids (alkalines, acid etc.) or abrasive cleaning agents. We recommend an ordinary household cleaning agent such as dishwashing liquid, if not specified otherwise in the cleaning instructions.
 - Never use a solvent (cellulose thinner, acetone etc.) that changes the structure of the plastic or dissolves the attached labels.
 - Always make sure that the product is completely dried before taking it into use again.
- For cleaning and disinfection in clinical or long-term care environments, follow your in-house procedures.

4.3.2 Cleaning Intervals

IMPORTANT!

- Regular cleaning and disinfection enhances smooth operation, increases the service life and prevents contamination.
 - Clean and disinfect the product
 - regularly while it is in use,
 - before and after any service procedure,
 - when it has been in contact with any body fluids,
 - before using it for a new user.

4.3.3 Cleaning

IMPORTANT!

- Dirt, sand and seawater can damage the bearings and steel parts can rust if the surface is damaged.
 - Only expose the wheelchair to sand and seawater for short periods and clean it after every trip to the beach.
 - If the wheelchair is dirty, wipe off the dirt as soon as possible with a damp cloth and dry it carefully.
- 1. Remove any options fitted (only options which do not require tools).
- Wipe down the individual parts using a cloth or soft brush, ordinary household cleaning agents (pH = 6 -8) and warm water.
- 3. Rinse the parts with warm water.
- 4. Thoroughly dry the parts with a dry cloth.
 - $\begin{tabular}{ll} \widehat{l} & Car polish and soft wax can be used on painted metal surfaces to remove abrasions and restore gloss. \end{tabular}$

Cleaning upholstery

For cleaning upholstery refer to the instructions on the labels of the seat, cushion and backrest cover.

i If possible, always overlap hook and loop strips (the self-gripping parts) when washing, to minimize lint and thread build-up on hook strips and prevent damage to upholstery fabric by these.

4.3.4 Washing

- 1. Remove all loose and removable covers and wash them in a washing machine according to the washing instructions for each cover.
- Remove all padded parts such as seat cushions, armrests, headrest or neckrest with fixed padded parts, calf pads and so on and clean them separately.
 - \mathring{l} The padded parts can not be cleaned with a high-pressure cleaner or water jet.
- 3. Spray the wheelchair chassis with detergent, for example a car-cleaning agent with wax, and leave on to work.
- 4. Rinse the wheelchair chassis with a high-pressure cleaning or ordinary jet of water depending on how dirty the wheelchair is. Do not aim the jet towards bearings and draining holes. If the wheelchair chassis is washed in a machine the water must not be hotter than 60° C.
- \tilde{j} Only use water and soft soap to clean the table.
- 5. Leave the wheelchair to dry in a drying cabinet. Remove parts where water has collected for example in end tubes, ferrules etc. If the wheelchair has been washed in a machine, blow-drying with compressed air is recommended.

Multi stretch polyurethane (PU) coated fabric

Lighter stains on the fabric may be neutralized with a soft damp cloth and some neutral detergent. To neutralize larger, more persistent stains, wipe the fabric with alcohol or turpentine substitutes, and wash with hot water and a neutral detergent. The fabric can be washed at temperatures up to 60° C. Normal detergents can be used.

All parts of the wheelchair with multi stretch polyurethane (PU) coated fabric upholstery, such as armrest pads, calf pads, headrest or neckrest, should be cleaned according to the instruction above.

Electrical version

Important!

- The wheelchair with electrical backrest or tilt is protected according to IPX6. This means that the product can be washed with a brush and water. The water can be under pressure (garden hose or equivalent), but high pressure water must not be sprayed directly towards the electrical system.
 - Max washing temperature 20º C.
 - Do not use a steam cleaner.
 - Before cleaning, make sure that the power plug is not connected.
 - Interconnected cables must remain plugged in when cleaning the product.
 - Retract the actuator to the innermost position when cleaning to avoid degreasing of the piston rod.

4.3.5 Disinfection

The wheelchair may be disinfected by spraying or wiping with tested, approved disinfectants.

- Spray a soft cleaning and disinfecting product (bactericidal and fungicide meeting the EN1040 / EN1276 / EN1650 standards) and follow the instructions given by the manufacturer.
- 1. Wipe down all generally accessible surfaces with a soft cloth and ordinary household disinfectant.
- 2. Allow the product to air-dry.

4.4 Reconditioning

Main parts of the wheelchair			
$ {\parallel}$ Lubricate all removable parts with a dry Teflon [®] based spray, e.g. "Viso 900–B5".			
Chassis All parts must be checked for cracks or other damages. Pay special attention to areas close to welds. If damages are discovered, the chassis must be discarded.			
Backrest angle	Check that the angle is easy to adjust, it should be easy to fold and the locking mechanism must function properly.		
Push handles / Push bar	Check that the push handles / push bar works properly. They should be firm and the screws must be tightened properly.		
Back- and seat covers	 Check that the self-gripping strips are intact and can be fixed properly. Check that the covers are intact and clean, if not see section: "Washing" and "Disinfection" If the fabric is torn, replace the cover. 		

Main parts of the wheelcha	air
Seat angle	Check the function by changing the angle from the lower to the upper position. Risk of damage – The gas piston must not be opened, it contains oil and gas under high pressure.
	CAUTION! Risk of damage – The gas piston must not be opened, it contains oil and gas under high pressure.
Carer-operated brakes	Check that the brake function is good, if not:
	 Check that the wire is intact, if not, it must be replaced. Check that the wire cover is intact, if not, the wire must be replaced. Adjust the wire at the handle and/or at the wheel hub. Tighten the wire until the optimal brake function is achieved.
Armrests / side rests	Check that the armrests / side rests are intact, they should be easy to detach / attach.
Leg rests	 Check that the leg rests are: Easy to detach Easy to attach Easy to adjust in height and angle
Anti-tipper device	 Check that the anti-tipper device is easy to adjust and fold. Check that the screws are tight, if not, retighten.
Rear wheels	 Change the tyres if the pattern is worn. Replace missing spokes and tighten loose spokes. Fasten the hand rim if it is loose. Check that the hand rim is smooth and that there are no cracks or sharp edges. If so, replace the hand rim. Check the rear wheel axle, it should be completely inserted into the axle housing. Check that the rear wheel axle locks properly. Pull on the rear wheel to check that the removable axle does not come off. Check the air pressure — recommended max air pressure is written on the tyres.
Rear wheel attachment	Check:
	 That the screws on the rear wheel attachment are tight. That the axle housing is correctly placed. <u>1</u> The standard axle housing should be tightened with a manual and dynamometer wrench calibrated to 40 +/-5 Nm, the One Arm Drive axle housing to 45 0/+5 Nm.
Brakes	 Check that the hub brakes work properly on both tyres. Check the positioning of the user brakes. Check that the brake pin is not worn down. If so, replace it. Check that the screws are tightened. Test the brake function. When braking, the brake pin should press the tyre down by 5 mm. Make sure that you have the correct air pressure in the tyres to attain the optimal brake effect.
Castors	 Detach the castors and clean the castor forks. Remove any dirt or hair from the castors. Attach the castors again and check that the castors turn freely. If the castors are air filled, check the pressure — recommended max air pressure is written on the tyre. If the castors are solid, check the tyres for cracks. If the tyres are dry and filled with cracks, they need to be replaced.
All fasteners for wear and tightness	 Bolts and other fasteners can come loose due to constant use: 1. Check that the fasteners are tight on the castor forks, footrest, seat, side rests, backrest, handles etc. 2. Tighten any loose bolts or screws.

Options	Options				
$ {\parallel}$ Lubricate all removable parts with a dry Teflon $^{\circ}$ based spray, e.g. "Viso 900–B5".					
All fasteners for wear and	Bolts and other fasteners can come loose due to constant use:				
tightness	 Check that the fasteners are tight on the castor forks, footrest, seat, side rests, backrest, handles etc. Tighten any loose bolts or screws. 				
Headrest	 Check that the side- and angle adjustment for the "wings" works properly. Check that the angle adjustment works and that there is a memory function. 				
Neckrest	Check that the angle adjustment works and that there is a memory function.				
Trunk support "Multi functional"	• Check that the angle adjustment works properly and that there is a memory function.				
Abduction cushion	Check that the depth adjustment works.				
Table tray	• When re-mounting the table tray, try to find the thread manually before fastening the screws with tools. This spare the threading.				

4.4.1 Checklist for reconditioning

	ОК	NOTE	SIGN
WASHING			
RECONDITIONING:			
Chassis			
Backrest angle			
Push handles / Push bar			
Backrest cover			
Seat cover			
Seat angle			
Carer-operated brake			
Armrests / Side rests			
Legrests			
Footrests			
Anti-tip device			
Rear wheels			
Rear wheel attachment			
Brakes			
Castors			
Fasteners for wear and tightness			
Headrest			
Neckrest			
Trunk support			
Abduction cushion			
Table tray			
TEST:			
Chair rolls in straight line			
Easy to propel			
DELIVERY CHECK:			
Include a user manual			

5 After Use

5.1 Storage

IMPORTANT!

- Risk of damage to the product
- Do not store the product near heat sources.
 Never store other items on top of the
- wheelchair. – Store the wheelchair indoors in a dry environment.
- Refer to temperature limitation in chapter 7 Technical Data, page 46.

After long-term storage (more than four months) the wheelchair must be inspected in accordance to chapter 4 *Maintenance, page 38*.

5.1.1 Storage Electrical Version

Short-term Storage

Do not remove the battery pack (B) under the seat plate , keep the battery cable (A) in place, disconnect the battery supply (C) from the control box.



Long-Term Storage

Storing Mobility Device and Battery

- Even not being used, batteries discharge themselves. Best practice is to disconnect the battery supply from the control box if storing the mobility device longer than two weeks. Disconnect the battery pack from the control box, see short-term storage below. If in doubt which cable to disconnect, contact your authorized provider.
- Battery should always be fully charged before storing
- If storing the mobility device longer than four weeks, check the battery once a month and recharge as needed (before gauge reads half full) to avoid damage.

Preparing Mobility Device for Use

• Even not being used, batteries discharge themselves. Best practice is to disconnect the battery supply from the control box if storing the mobility device longer than two weeks. Disconnect the battery pack from the control box, see short-term storage below. If in doubt which cable to disconnect, contact your authorized provider.

- Re-connect the battery supply to the control box.
 - The battery pack must be charged before use.

5.2 Disposal

Be environmentally responsible and recycle this product through your recycling facility at its end of life.

Disassemble the product and its components, so the different materials can be separated and recycled individually.

The disposal and recycling of used products and packaging must comply with the laws and regulations for waste handling in each country. Contact your local waste management company for information.

5.2.1 Disposal Electrical Version

WARNING!

Environmental Hazard

Device contains batteries. This product may contain substances that could be harmful to the environment if disposed of in places (landfills) that are not appropriate according to legislation.

- DO NOT dispose of batteries in normal household waste.
- Batteries MUST be taken to a proper disposal site. The return is required by law and free of charge.
- Do only dispose discharged batteries.
- Cover terminals of lithium batteries prior to disposal.

5.3 Reconditioning

This product is suitable for reuse. To recondition the product for a new user, carry out the following actions:

- Inspection
- Cleaning and disinfection
- Adaptation to the new user

For detailed information, see *4 Maintenance, page 38* and the service manual for this product.

Make sure that the user manual is handed over with the product.

If any damage or malfunction is detected, do not reuse the product.

6 Troubleshooting

6.1 Troubleshooting electrical system

WARNING!

Risk of personal injury and damage to the product.

- The wheelchair must be unplugged from the main power source before opening or repairing electrical parts.

Symptom	Possible cause	Remedy	
	Mains are not connected	Connect mains	
Mains indicator does not light up	Fuse in the control unit is blown	Replace the control unit	
	Control unit is defective	Replace the control unit	
Nains indicator links on but the	Motor plug is not fully inserted into the control unit	Insert the motor plug properly into the control unit	
Mains indicator lights up, but the motor is not running. The relay in the	The motor is defective	Replace the motor	
control unit makes a clicking noise	Motor cable is damaged	Replace the cable	
	Control unit is defective	Replace the control unit	
Mains indicator lights up, but the	Control unit is defective	Replace the control unit	
motor is not running. No relay sound is heard from the control unit	Hand control is defective	Replace the hand control	
Control unit is in order except for one	Control unit is defective	Replace the control unit	
direction on one channel	Hand control is defective	Replace the hand control	
Motor is running, but the piston rod does not move			
The motor cannot lift full load			
Motor noise, but no movement of piston rod	Motor is damaged	Replace the motor	
Piston rod operates inwards and not outwards			

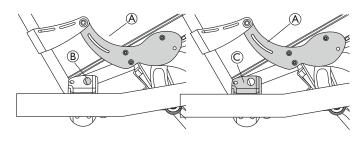
6.2 Limitation areas — Troubleshooting

When adjusting the centre of gravity, some settings can cause limitations in some positions. This can happen for example when adjusting the:

- Seat tilt
- Seat depth
- Backrest recline

The following sections will give some examples of the possible limitations, but also suggestions about solutions.

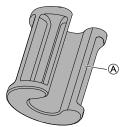
6.2.1 Seat tilt



When the seat is tilted, the backrest attachment B can collide with the rear wheel axle B or the rear wheel attachment C.

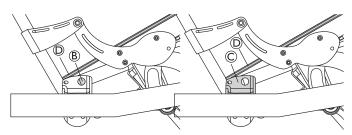
Possible solutions:

- Move the rear wheel attachment $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ further backwards.
- Turn the rear wheel attachment $\mathbb C$ in order to have the rear wheel positioned further backwards.
- Choose the low mounting position for the rear wheel attachment ©.
 - $\overset{\circ}{\mathbb{I}}$ This will increase the seat height, to
 - compensate, use a longer front wheel fork.



- Use the tilt reduction bushing (A) in order to avoid the limitation.

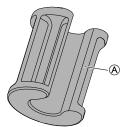
6.2.2 Seat depth



When the seat is tilted, and the seat plate \bigcirc is adjusted in depth, the seat plate \bigcirc can collide with the rear wheel axle B or the rear wheel attachment \bigcirc .

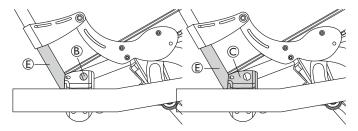
Possible solutions:

- Move the seat plate D forwards to increase the seat depth.
- Move the rear wheel attachment $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ further backwards.
- Turn the rear wheel attachment © in order to have the rear wheel positioned further backwards.
- Choose the low mounting position for the rear wheel attachment ©.
 - $\hat{\mathbb{I}}$ This will increase the seat height, to
 - compensate, use a longer front wheel fork.



- Use the tilt reduction bushing (a) in order to avoid the limitation.

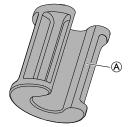
6.2.3 Backrest recline



When the backrest is reclined, the backrest tube E can collide with the rear wheel axle B or the rear wheel attachment C.

Possible solutions:

- Move the rear wheel attachment C further backwards.
- Turn the rear wheel attachment © in order to have the rear wheel positioned further backwards.
- Choose the low mounting position for the rear wheel attachment ©.
 - $\underbrace{\overset{\circ}{\amalg}}_{l} \quad \mbox{This will increase the seat height, additional measures may have to be taken into consideration, for example to use a longer front wheel fork.$



- Use the tilt reduction and / or the backrest recline reduction bushing (A) in order to avoid the limitation.
 - $\label{eq:linear} \begin{tabular}{ll} \widehat{l} & The seat tilt and / or the backrest recline will have slightly reduced angling possibilities. \end{tabular}$

7 Technical Data

7.1 General information

 $\mathring{\underline{I}}$ For Rea Dahlia, 100 — 150 mm castor wheels are intended for indoor use only.

7.2 Dimensions and weights

All dimension an weight specifications refer to a wide range of the wheelchair in a standard configuration. Dimension and weight (based on ISO 7176–1/5/7) may alter according to different configurations.

IMPORTANT!

 In some configurations, the overall dimensions of the wheelchair when it is ready for use exceeds the authorised limits and the access to emergency escape routes is not possible.

- In some configurations, the wheelchair exceeds the size recommended for travelling by train in the EU.

	DAHLIA 30°		DAHLIA 45°	
	515 mm (20")/560mm (22")/600 mm (24")	405 mm (16")	515 mm (20")/560mm (22")/600 mm (24")	405 mm (16")
Maximum user weight	135 kg	135 kg	135 kg	135 kg
Overall length with legrests	1010–1140 mm	1010–1140 mm	1010–1180 mm	1010–1160 mm
Overall width	550–700 mm	550–700 mm	550–700 mm	550–700 mm
Stowage width	from 570 mm	from 560 mm	from 580 mm	from 555 mm
Stowage height	from 600 mm	from 700 mm	from 570 mm	from 710 mm
Stowage length	785 mm	890 mm	825 mm	940 mm
Total mass	>35 kg *	>35 kg *	>35 kg *	>35 kg *
Mass of the heaviest part	21 kg	25 kg	21 kg	25 kg
Static stability downhill	11° – 15°	11° – 15°	11° – 15°	11° – 15°
Static stability uphill	3° – 15°	3° – 15°	3° – 15°	3° – 15°
Static stability sideways	15° – 22°	15° – 22°	15° – 22°	15° – 22°
Seat plane angle	-1° – +30°	-1° – +30°	-1° – +45°	-1° – +45°
Effective seat depth	430–500 mm	430–500 mm	430–500 mm	430–500 mm
Effective seat width	390–540 mm	390–540 mm	390–540 mm	390–540 mm
Seat surface at front/rear edge	20": 330–500 mm 22": 350–430 mm 24": 430–450 mm	330–480 mm	20": 350–430 mm 22": 380–450 mm 24": 450–480 mm	350–500 mm
Backrest angle	0° - +30°	0° – +30°	0° - +30°	0° - +30°
Backrest height	500–800 mm	500–800 mm	500–800 mm	500–800 mm
Footrest-to-seat distance	362–627 mm	362–627 mm	362–627 mm	362–627 mm
Leg-to-seat- surface angle	105° – 180°	105° – 180°	105° – 180°	105° – 180°
Armrest to seat height	250–320 mm	250–320 mm	250–320 mm	250–320 mm

	DAHLIA 30°		DAHLIA 45°	
	515 mm (20")/560mm (22")/600 mm (24")	405 mm (16")	515 mm (20")/560mm (22")/600 mm (24")	405 mm (16")
Front location of armrest structure	465–550 mm	465–550 mm	465–550 mm	465–550 mm
Handrim diameter	445–535 mm	N/A	445–535 mm	N/A
Horizontal location of axle	-5.7/-94.3 mm	-5.7/-94.3 mm	-5.7/-94.3 mm	-5.7/-94.3 mm
Minimum turning radius	755 mm	755 mm	755 mm	755 mm
Overall length without legrest	830–960 mm	830–960 mm	830–1000 mm	830–980 mm
Overall height	825–1250 mm	825–1250 mm	825–1250 mm	825–1250 mm
Pivot width	minimum 1280 mm	minimum 1280 mm	minimum 1280 mm	minimum 1280 mm
Maximum slope angle brake	7°	7°	7°	7°

* Overall weight in seat width 39 cm and with lightest configuration. With "Laguna 2" backrest plate and cushion. If fitted with electrical system, the weight increase is 4.2 kg.

	515 mm (20")	560 mm (22")	600 mm (24")	405 mm (16")
Width of the wheels	35 mm (1 3/8")	25 mm (1") - 35 mm (1 3/8")	25 mm (1") - 35 mm (1 3/8")	45 mm (1 3/4")
Wheel inclination	0° +/- 1° (Wheelchair without load)			

7.3 Tyres

The ideal pressure depends on the tyre type:

The table below is an indication. In case the tyre differs from the list below, check the side of the tyre, the maximum pressure is listed there.

Tyre	N	lax. pressu	ire
Pneumatic profiled tyre: 515 mm (20"); 560 mm (22"); 610 mm (24")	4.5 bar	450 kPa	65 psi
Pneumatic low profile tyre: 515 mm (20"); 560 mm (22"); 610 mm (24")	7.5 bar	750 kPa	110 psi
Solid tyre: 405 mm (16"); 560 mm (22"); 610 mm (24")	-	-	-

Tyre	N	lax. pressu	ire
Solid tyre: 100 mm (4"); 125 mm (5"); 140 mm (5" 1/2); 150 mm (6"); 200 mm (8")	-	-	-
Pneumatic tyre: 200 mm (8")	2.5 bar	250 kPa	36 psi

- Definition and/or model of your wheelchair.
- $\underbrace{\overset{\circ}{\fbox}}_{\text{b}} \quad \text{The size of the tyre is mentioned on the sidewall} \\ \text{of the tyre. The change of appropriate tyres must} \\ \text{be carried out by a qualified technician.}$
- In case of a tyre puncture consult a suitable workshop (e.g. bike repair shop, bicycle dealer ...) to have the tube replaced by a skilled person.



 The tyres pressure have to be equal in both wheels to avoid a less driving comfort, to keep the brakes efficiency and an easy propelling of the wheelchair.

7.4 Materials

Chassis, backrest tubes	Steel, powder coated
Plastic parts like push handles, brake handles, foot plates and parts of most options	Thermoplastic (e.g. PA, PE, PP, ABS and TPE) according to marking on the parts
Upholstery (seat and backrest)	Foam PUR and polyether, polyurethane-coated fabric and plush
Table	ABS
Seat plate	Coated Birch plywood
Other metal parts	Zinc alloys, aluminum alloys and steel
Screws, washers and nuts	Steel, corrosion free

 ${\parallel}$ All materials used are protected against corrosion. We use only REACH compliant materials and components.

 \mathring{l} Theft and metal detection systems: in seldom cases the materials used in the wheelchair may activate theft and metal detection systems.

7.5 Environmental conditions

	Storage and transportation	Operation	
Temperature	-20 °C to 40 °C	-5 °C to 40 °C	
Relative humidity	20 % to 90 % at 30 °C, not condensing		
Atmospheric pressure	800 hPa to 1060 hPa		

 \mathring{l} Be aware that when a wheelchair has been stored under low temperatures, it must be adjusted to operating conditions before use.

7.6 Electrical system — Models equipped with electric tilt and backrest

Voltage supply	U in 100–240 Voltage, AC, 50/60 Hz (AC = Alternating current), DC 24 V (DC = Direct current)
Maximum current input	I in max. 5 Ampere (battery = max 1,3 Ampere)
Intermittent (periodic motor operation)	10 % 2 min ON / 18 min OFF
Protection class	CLASS II equipment
*	Applied Part complying with the specified requirements for protection against electrical shock according to IEC60601-1.
Degree of protection	The control unit, external power supply, motors and hand controls are protected according to IPx6. See label and label on each electric device for correct IP class. The lowest IP-classification decides the overall classification of the system.
	IPx6- The system is protected against water projected from any direction (not high pressure).

 \hat{j} For full details contact your Invacare authorized provider.

7.7 Electromagnetic compliance (EMC)

General information

WARNING!

Products with electronic equipment needs to be installed and used according to the EMC information in this user manual.



Portable and mobile communications equipment can affect the operation of this product. This product must not move unintentionally while being submitted to Electromagnetic interference – If this should happen; the product must immediately be taken out of use and checked by a qualified technician. This product has been tested and complies with the EMC limits specified by IEC 60601-1-2 for Class B equipment.

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This product has a very low emission and should not interfere with other equipment.

- However, if other devices nearby should react inexplicably, run and stop this product and observe the devices.
- If nothing happens with the other devices, then this product is not causing the error.
- If other devices are behaving in an inexplicable manner, then this product is causing the error. Solve the problem by moving or increasing the distance between them.

Test	Basic Standard	Compliance Level / Frequency Range
Mains PortConducted Emissions	EN 55011	Group 1 Class B
Radiated Emissions	EN 55011	Group 1 Class B
Mains Harmonics	EN 61000-3-2 +A1 + A2	Class A
Voltage Fluctuations	EN 61000-3-3	dc%/dmax/d(t)/Pst
Electrostratic Discharge	EN 61000-4-2	±2/4/6kV Contact, ±2/4/8kV Air
Radiated Field Immunity	EN 61000-4-3	3V/m, 80% 1kHz AM, 80MHz - 2.5 GHz
EFT/Bursts	EN 61000-4-4	±2kV L/N/E/LNE
Surge Immunity	EN 61000-4-5	±0.5/1kV L-N, ±0.5/1/2kV L-E/N-E
Conducted RF Immunity	EN 61000-4-6	3V, 80% 1kHz AM, 0.15MHz - 80MHz
Magnetic Field Immunity	EN 61000-4-8	3A/m, 50Hz-80Hz
Dips & Interruptions	EN 61000-4-11	-95%/-60%/-30%

7.8 EMC - Manufacturer's declaration

7.9 Seat height tables

Seat height table — Dahlia 30 degrees:										
Seat height *	Wheel	Position of rear wheel attachment (STD)	Position of rear wheel attachment (High)	For	k 150	Castor housing Position	For	k 110	Castor housing Position	Position of brake attachment
						p's p's	en e		p'y	
330	16"	1	-	NA	NA	NA	3	100	2	3
330	20"	-	6	NA	NA	NA	3	100	2	1
350	16"	3	-	NA	NA	NA	2	125	2	4
350	20"	-	5	NA	NA	NA	2	125	2	1
350	22"	-	6	NA	NA	NA	2	125	2	1
380	20"	1	-	NA	NA	NA	1	150/140	2	3
400	20"	3	-	NA	NA	NA	3	150/140	1	4
400	22"	1	-	NA	NA	NA	3	150/140	1	1
430	22"	3	-	4	150/140	1	1	150/140	1	2
430	24"	1	-	4	150/140	1	1	150/140	1	2
450	16"	4	-	2	150/140	1	1	200	1	4
450	24"	3	-	2	150/140	1	1	200	1	2

480	16"	2	-	2	200	1	NA	NA	NA	4
500	20"	4	-	2	200	1	NA	NA	NA	4
* • • •										

* = Measured from floor to seat plate (cushion excluded).

Seat angle / backrest recline angle — Dahlia 30 degrees:										
Seat height *	Wheel	Seat tilt		Number of bushings on seat piston	Backrest recline		Number of bushings on backrest piston			
							a test			
		Delivered from factory	Max tilt possible		Delivered from factory	Max recline possible				
330	16"	30°	30°	-	30°	30°	-			
330	20"	10°	20°	2	30°	30°	-			
350	16"	30°	30°	-	30°	30°	-			
350	20"	20°	30°	1	20°	30°	1			
350	22"	10°	20°	2	30°	30°	-			
380	20"	20°	30°	1	10°	30°	2			
400	20"	30°	30°	-	20°	30°	1			
400	22"	20°	30°	1	10°	30°	2			
430	22"	30°	30°	-	20°	30°	1			
430	24"	20°	30°	1	10°	30°	2			
450	16"	30°	30°	-	30°	30°	-			
450	24"	30°	30°	-	20°	30°	1			
480	16"	30°	30°	-	30°	30°	-			
500	20"	30°	30°	-	30°	30°	-			
* = Measured f	= Measured from floor to seat plate (cushion excluded).									

Seat heig	Seat height table — Dahlia 45 degrees:									
Seat height *	Wheel	Position of rear wheel attachment (STD)	Position of rear wheel attachment (High)	For	< 150	Castor housing Position	Forl	< 110	Castor housing Position	Position of brake attachment
				OLL,		p'y			p'q P'q	
350	16"	1	-	NA	NA	NA	3	100	2	3
350	20"	-	6	NA	NA	NA	3	100	2	1
380	16"	3	-	NA	NA	NA	2	125	2	4
380	20"	-	5	NA	NA	NA	2	125	2	1
380	22"	-	6	NA	NA	NA	2	125	2	1
400	20"	1	-	NA	NA	NA	1	150/140	2	3
430	20"	3	-	NA	NA	NA	3	150/140	1	4
430	22"	1	-	NA	NA	NA	3	150/140	1	1
450	22"	3	-	4	150/140	1	1	150/140	1	2

450	24"	1	-	4	150/140	1	1	150/140	1	2
480	16"	4	-	2	150/140	1	1	200	1	4
480	24"	3	-	2	150/140	1	1	200	1	2
500	16"	2	-	1	200	1	NA	NA	NA	4
* Macaunal form floor to cost plate (such an evaluated)										

* = Measured from floor to seat plate (cushion excluded).

Seat angle / Backrest recline angle — Dahlia 45 degrees: Number of Tilt block Seat height * Wheel Seat tilt Backrest recline bushings on (One/side) backrest piston Delivered Max tilt Delivered Max recline from factory possible from factory possible 350 16" 45° 45° _ 30° 30° _ 350 20" 30° 30° Yes 30° 30° -30° 380 16" 45° 45° 30° --380 20" 45° 45° -10° 30° 2 22" 380 30° 30° Yes 30° 30° -45° 400 20" 45° -30° 30° -20" 45° 30° 430 45° -30° _ 430 22" 45° 45° -30° 30° -450 22" 45° 45° 30° 30° --450 24" 45° 45° -30° 30° -45° 45° 30° 480 16" -30° -24" 480 45° 45° -30° 30° -500 16" 45° 45° -30° 30° -

* = Measured from floor to seat plate (cushion excluded).

Size of antitipper 7.10

Dał	nlia 30	Dahlia 45			
Seat height (mm)	Size of antitipper	Seat height (mm)	Size of antitipper		
	••••••		••••••		
330	Extra low	350	Extra low		
330		350			

350		380	
350	Short	380	Short
350		380	
380	Short	400	Short
400	Long	430	Long
400	Long	430	Long
430	Long	450	Long
430	Long	450	Long
450	Long	480	Long
450	LUNG	480	LONG
480	Long	500	Long
500	Extra Long		

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